INSURANCE.

But patriotism of the people has vanished such Competition.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.

Every country had to face difficulties in the beginning.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B 1008.

VOL. XVII NO. 195--- BOMBAY SATURDAY AUGUST 17 1929 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

WAR CLOUDS ON RUSSO-CHINESE BORDERS

Soviet Troops Invade Chinese Territory

—:o:—

CHINA'S NOTE TO WASHINGTON

—:o:—

Nationalist Govt. Orders 60,000 Troops to the Frontier

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Nanking:—Reports have been received confirming the news that Russia has invaded Chinese territory.

The National Government has instructed the Chinese Minister at Washington to notify the signatories to the Kellog Pact that Russia has started the offensive and China while resisting the invasion abides by the spirit of the Pact and still hopes for peaceful settlement.—Reuter.

China sends 60,000 Troops to Siberian Frontier

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Mukden.—On instructions from the National Government orders have been given for the despatch of 60,000 Fengtien troops to the Siberian frontier.

300 Russian marines who on August 15 occupied two small towns on Sungari river have been driven off. Six Russians and two Chinese have been killed.—Reuter.

BREAK--DOWN OF CONFERENCE INEVITABLE

—:o:—

Mr. Snowden Still Unsatisfied

FOUR POWERS REMAIN UNITED AGAINST BRITAIN

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The Hague.—The breakdown of the Reparations Conference is almost inevitable. M. Franequi submitted to Mr. Snowden proposals to satisfy the British claims, but Mr. Snowden declared them inadequate. The four powers met again, but remained united against Britain, M. Loucheur declaring that the Young Plan could not be re-drafted without the consent of the United States. It is believed that Mr. Snowden will leave on Saturday.—Reuter.

"A PERSONAL NOTE TO BELGIAN PREMIER"

—:o:—

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Rugby.—A statement is published that Mr. Snowden, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, has written a letter to the statesmen at the Hague, asking that his proposal for revision of the Reparation Plan shall be dealt with without delay and stating that he cannot wait much longer for the decision. The British Delegation at the Hague states, however, that the letter in question consisted merely of a personal note which Mr. Snowden passed to M. Jasper, the Belgian Premier, during Wednesday's session of the Financial Commission, in which he used the same terms which he later expressed before the Commission, namely, that he hoped, the private negotiations now in progress would permit of an early action on his resolution for the creation of a sub-committee to revise percentage and annuity clauses of the Young Plan.—B. O. W.

AMERICAN CREDIT FOR BANK OF ENGLAND

—:o:—

MR NORMAN GOVERNOR'S DENIAL

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Reports of negotiations for American credit to the Bank of England were started a fortnight ago when Mr. M. C. Norman, Governor of the Bank, was leaving New York for England. He said, to-day, that he knew nothing about the credit. The report is discredited in city circles where it is pointed out that no credit was necessary to support the sterling exchange except on the occasion of a return to the Gold Standard in 1925. Even then the credit was not used. Furthermore there has been an understanding between the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve Bank since 1925 that the former might at any time draw upon the latter.

BANK OF ENGLAND'S DENIAL.

The Bank of England authorises a statement that there is no truth in the report that 50 millions sterling credit can be arranged with New York in a few hours' notice.—Reuter.

HAGGLING AT HAGUE

—:o:—

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Hague.—It is reported this morning that delegates of Italy, France, Japan and Belgium are now prepared to offer Mr. Snowden 80 per cent. of his demands (compared with yesterday's 60 per cent. offer) equivalent to forty million gold marks annually.

It is understood that French, Belgian and Japanese delegates are pressing Italians to yield some of the huge benefits Italy has obtained under the Young Plan and thus prevent a breakdown.—Reuter.

"CONFERENCE DEAD & BURIED"

—:o:—

FRENCH OPINION PESSIMISTIC

LONDON, Aug. 16.

The Hague.—It appears that Mr. Snowden's reminder yesterday was not conveyed by a formal letter but informally by passing of note to M. Jaspar during a speech of M. Loucheur explaining the French standpoint. It is understood that a subsequent declaration of four Powers that their interests are identical was chiefly due to the insistence of the Italian delegate, Signor Mosconi. The French delegation which is now credited with the role of peacemaker is endeavouring to persuade the Italians to make "sacrifices".

FRENCH OPINION PESSIMISTIC.

Paris.—The French opinion on the Hague Conference is more pessimistic. "Figaro" says: "The Conference is dead and buried and Mr. Snowden will go down in the history as its grave-digger."

"Petit Parisien" says: "M. Franequi offered Mr. Snowden sixty per cent. of British demands, but Mr. Snowden is immoveable and his aim seems to be a rupture."

"Le Journal" says: Termination of Rhineland occupation is solely dependent on the execution of the Young Plan.

"Le Matin" says: If rupture occurs, it should be remembered that M. Briand, Herr Stresemann, Messrs. MacDonald, Henderson and Viscount Cecil will soon meet at Geneva and then there will be conversations between men distinguished for their courtesy and desire for peace.—Reuter.

MOSQUE IN LONDON

—:o:—

New Site in Kensington

DESIGNS INVITED

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Lord Headley has announced that site has been bought in West Kensington for new London Mosque. The site was selected by Lord Headley, Aga Khan and Sir Abbas Ali Baig. Its area is nearly 50,000 square feet and the purchase price £28,000.

The next step will be to invite designs. A Committee will be appointed to choose the most appropriate plans. The total cost of the work will be about £100,000, of which Lord Headley has already collected £75,000.—Reuter.

DOOR FOR NEGOTIATIONS LOCKED AND SEALED

—:o:—

MAHAMAD YAKBUL ON MAHASABHA ATTITUDE

SIMLA (By Mail).

Moulvi Muhammad Yakub, Deputy President of the Legislative Assembly, in a statement to the Associated Press says:—

I fully appreciate Mrs. Naidu's and Mahatma Gandhi's solicitude to bring about a settlement between the two great communities in India, which brought about the Mahatma's interview with Mr. Jinnah whose genuine nationalistic tendencies and earnestness make him pre-eminently suitable to be approached to open negotiations. But Mr. Kelkar's recent statement on the point makes one feel rather pessimistic as to the success of the effort.

MAHASABHA ATTITUDE.

It is obvious that the Hindu Mahasabha and no other individual or organisation in the country, including the Indian National Congress, is at the present moment in a position to represent the general Hindu point of view and enter into negotiations in their behalf. It must be said to the credit of Mr. Kelkar that he has so plainly and unequivocally explaned the Mahasabha attitude on the subject, which, to put it in a nut-shell, is that even the slightest alteration, addition or modification in the Nehru Report, as it now stands, cannot be tolerated by that body.

DOOR LOCKED AND SEALED.

It will thus be found that the door, which, according to Pandit Motilal Nehru was not closed, is as a matter of fact locked and sealed. I would earnestly appeal both to the Mahatma and Mrs. Naidu first to exercise their patriotic influence upon the Hindu Mahasabha in order to bring about a change in its mentality. If a genuine settlement is to be brought about the majority community must first come out with a just and generous offer which would satisfy the Muslim minority as regards their position as equal partners in the future Government of India.—A. P.

NATIONAL MOVEMENT

—:o:—

Mr. Iyengar's Scheme of Reconstruction

MADRAS, Aug. 14

In an exclusive interview to the Free Press of India, interview to the vasa Iyengar explained at length his diagnosis of the present political situation and outlined broadly his scheme of reconstruction of the National movement. The main features of Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar's scheme are:—

(1) Constitute the City of Madras into a separate Congress Province as in the case of Bombay to avoid conflicts between Tamil Nadu and Andhra Congress committees in the city.

(2) The elections to the local Council and Central Legislature should be directed and controlled by a single Joint Committee on which the Tamil Nadu, Andhra, Kerala and Karnatak Congress Committees would be represented.

(3) In all cases in which poll is taken, whether in the Congress. All-India Congress Committee or the Working Committee, votes should be taken by Provinces, each Province having one vote.

(4) No elections should be run in the name of the Congress unless the selection of candidates is restricted to those who pledge themselves to complete Independence; otherwise the Congress should boycott the Councils completely, no member of a Legislature being entitled to hold any executive office in the Province.

(5) Congress should concentrate on Direct Aciton while constructive work should be the care of an All-Parties organisation.—Free Press.

FLOODS IN RISHI GANGA.

—:o:—

Badrinath message says that a flood in Rishi Ganga has washed away about two hundred yards of the road and Rishi Ganga Bridge and Jhula over the Alakananda river are in a dangerous condition.—A. P.

GANDHIJI FAINTS

—:o:—

Suffering from Dysentery

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 16.

Since his arrival from Bombay Mahatma Gandhi is suffering from dysentery. Last night he fainted. His weight has been reduced to 80 pounds. He has given up the diete the experiments of taking uncooked food, and is under medical treatment.—A. P.

JUTE STRIKE ENDS

—:o:—

No Victimization

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 16.

It is understood that a settlement of the jute mill strike has been reached this afternoon between the representatives of the owners and Labour.

The terms are extra pay for extra hours, no victimisation, and bonus, with retrospective effect from July 1.

Work will be resumed on Monday.

The situation in Bauria and Barrackpore areas is quiet due to the promulgation of Section 144—A.P.

JUTE STRIKE ENDS

—:o:—

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 16.

The following communique has been issued:—

As a result of the negotiations which have been proceeding for the last few days, a settlement has been reached in the jute mill strike, and it is expected that work will be resumed on Monday.

The Committee of the Indian Jute Mills Association have agreed to recommend to the Association the terms already announced by them publicly, namely, to pay the correct proportionate increase in total earnings for extra hours worked, and to pay *khoraki* on the same scale as before. They will also recommend to their members that the scales of bonuses should remain the same as before July 1, and that favourable consideration should be given to the adjustment of the wages of time worker son the basis of the concession for piece workers. This adjustment will apply only to mills where it has not already been made.

NO VICTIMISATION.

The Committee have also agreed to recommend to their members the conditions that there will be no victimisation, that favourable consideration wiil be given to the provision of maternity benefits, and that there will be no corporal punishment. With regard to the last item the Committee state that corporal punishment is already strictly prohibited in mills.

They have also agreed to recommend to their members that the authorities of each mill should consider favourably reasonable statements of grievances put forward by their workers.—A P

His Excellency Sir Stanley Jackson's departure from Calcutta to Dacca has been postponed from August 18 to Aug. 19.

Rangoon Aug. 16.—The R.A.F. Flying Boat S1152, which left Calcutta this morning, aligted at Akyab this afternoon.—A P.

ALLEGED PLOT TO MURDER AMANULLAH

—:o:—

Startling Discovery by Italian Police

TWO INDIANS ARRESTED AT VENICE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 16.

The "Liberty" of Calcutta publishes an Orient Press Service message, stating that one Muhammadzaman from Peshawar and another B. C. Bose, a student for the Bar examination in London, were arrested by the Italian Police on Thursday, on the eve of their departure from Venice.

ALLEGED PLOT TO MURDER AMANULLAH.

The alleged charge against Zaman is complicity in a murder plot against ex-King Amanullah, and it appears that Bose, who came to him in Paris, got involved in the affair in the search for other persons involved in the proceeding.—Free Press.

PENALTY FOR PAYING HOMAGE!

—:o:—

AMANULLAH'S BROTHER SHOT BY BACHA

PESHAWAR, Aug. 16.

Travellers from Kabul allege that Bache-e-Saqqua has shot Sardar Kabirjan, brother of Ex-King Amanullah, who was among the first batch of men from Kabul, to pay their homage to Bacha-i-Saqqua.—Free Press.

SENT TO G. K. UNION MEETINGS TO CREATE TROUBLE

Mill Owner's "C. I. D." Man Makes Startling Disclosures

Milton Kubes Engaged to Carry On Blue Flag Propaganda

Sensational disclosures were made before the Bombay Textile Court of Inquiry on Friday by one Babaji Rane who described himself as a mill C.I.D. man in the employ of the Sassoons till lately. He told Mr. Deshpande that he was under Milton Kubes, the well known boxer, in the employ of Jacob Sassoon mills. The leaflets of the Blue Flag Union were being distributed by Mr. Kubes and they were stocked in the Jacob Sassoon mills. The work of the witness was to attend the meetings of the Girni Kamgar Union and report the speeches to Mr. Kubes. He was provided with a spring-handlebar, a peculiar weapon of offence and defence, which was to be used in case he was manhandled at the meetings. He had, however, no occasion to use it. He also told the Court that he was formerly in the employ of the C.I.D. force of the Bombay Police for about 11 years and that he was a pensioner at present.

C.I.D. INSPECTOR IN WITNESS BOX.

Before Babaji Rane was put in the witness box, Mr. Ramchandra Sakharam Karnik, a C.I.D. Inspector of Bombay, was examined on behalf of the mill-owners. He produced certain speeches delivered by Messrs. Deshpande, Ranadive, Joshi and Kandalkar on different occasions and at different public meetings. But in cross-examination he confessed that he could not say whether the specches were taken in short-hand at the meetings. All he knew was that those reports were there and he went through them only recently. He said that at the meetings he attended the specches were directed mostly against the policy of the Mill-owners' Association.

The Court has concluded taking evidence and the parties were asked to be prepared for arguments. On Monday the Court will meet as usual but will not be open to the public.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

Mr. A. Geddis of the firm of Managing Agents of the Finlay, Swan, Gold Mohur and Satya Mills of the Finlay group was examined as a witness for the Mill-owners when the Textile Court of Inquiry resumed its sittings at the Secretariat on Friday forenoon. To Mr. Mody witness said he had heard of the Blue Flag Union.

Mr. Mody:—Has it any connection with the Millowners' Association?

Witness:—None whatsoever.

Mr. Rupchand:—The Association may not have anything to do with it, but it is possible that any one of the mills might have started it.

Witness:—If such a thing happened the Association would come to know of it.

Cross-examined by Mr Deshpande as to how he came to know of the Blue Flag Union, witness said he had read about it in the newspapers. He could not say why the Mill-owners' Association fought shy of putting their name on the handbills they issued and distributed among the mill-hands.

DISPUTES IN WADIA MILLS.

Mr. S. K. Chari, Stenographer to Sir Ness Wadia, produced copies of the various correspondence that had passed between Sir Ness Wadia and the Girni Kamgar Union regarding disputes in the Wadia Mills.

Cross-examined by Mr. Deshpande, he said that the report of the Conference between Sir Ness Wadia and the representatives of the Girni Kamgar Union, was dictated to him by Sir Ness Wadia after thte Conference was over and it was done in the presence of the Union representatives. He could not remember whether Mr. Deshpande had protested to certain passages. He, however, admitted that even if Mr. Deshpande had suggested alterations he was not permitted to make those alterations as he had to take down only what Sir Ness Wadia dictated.

The Court then rose for lunch.

AFTER LUNCH PROCEEDINGS.

Reassembling after lunch Inspector Ramchandra Sakharam Karnik of the Bombay C.I.D. was examined. He produced the police reports of the speeches made by Messrs. Deshpande, Ranadive, Joshi and Kandalkar at different places and on different occasions. He was then cross-examined by Mr. Ranadive.

Q.: Have you got any short-hand writer in Marathi in Bombay?—No, not to my knowledge.

Q.:—Do you know as a matter of fact short-hand writers were present at these meetings—I do not know.

I put it to you that there were no short-hand writers at the meeting at Chaupati on May 19—I do not know. This is the record I have got.

Proceeding Mr. Karnik said that two short-hand writers were called to Bombay from Poona in March.

Mr. Ranadive:—On each occasion you called on two reporters?—Yes.

And there were more than one meeting held in those days in the morning and evening?—May be.

Proceeding, he stated that it was possible that the short-hand writers could not have been present at all the public meetings.

A MILL "C.I.D." MAN'S EVIDENCE.

At this astage Mr. Deshpande requested the Court that he might be allowed to call an independent witness who could disclose something about the Blue Flag Union. Permission being granted Babaji Rane, who described himself as a C.I.D. man of the Sassoon mills was examined. He told Mr. Deshpande that till 12th July last he was employed in the Jacob Sassoon mill. He was dismissed on that day.

Q.: Who is the head of the C.I.D. of the Sassoon mills?—Milton Cubes.

Q.:—What was the kind of work you used to do?—I was to

(Continued on Page 9.)

STOCKS AND SHARES

Decline in Mill Shares

TATA STEELS STEADY

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Cotton mill shares ruled easy on unfoundtd rumours of likelyhood of strike in the local mills. The market for mill shares opened easy and prices declined furtherr on long liquidation. A temporary recovery was registered and prices again ruled easy. Bombay Dying opened at Rs. 763|- declined to Rs. 757|- advanced to Rs. 761|- and finally closed at Rs. 756|-. Fazal shares opened at Rs. 595|- and declined Rs. 10|-. A recovery on buying hardened prices to Rs. 591|- but again declined and closed at Rs. 586|-. Pearls opened at Rs. 368|- and declined to Rs. 350|-. Tata Hydros ruled easy. Tata Iron and Steel shares were steady.

Cash business in E. D. Sassoon shares was done at As. 8|-. Indian Cotton Pressing shares closed at Rs. 222|8. New Berars were done at Rs. 860|-. Sindh Light Rails were done at Rs. 62|-. India Bank shares opened at Rs. 100|- and improved to Rs. 100|8. Imperial Bank shares changed hands at Rs. 1,395 while new issues opened at Rs. 345|- and closed at Rs. 346|4. Union Bank shares opened at Rs. 3-4-6 and improved to Rs. 3|5. Central Bank shares opened at Rs. 18|8 and advanced to Rs. 18|14. Andhra Ordinary opened at Rs. 606|4 and declined to Rs. 600|-. Tata Power Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 605|- and declined to Rs. 600|-. Tram Proference x.d. were sold at Rs. 65|8. Karachi Electrical shares changed hands at Rs. 152|-. Shahabad Cements fetched Rs. 145|-. Punjab Cements were done at Rs. 11|12. Oriental Life Ince. shares were brought at Rs. 2,040|-. New India Ince. were in demand at Rs. 21|14. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 9|9 and declined to Rs. 9|8. Tata Steel second Pref. shares opened at Rs. 73|8 and improved to Rs. 73|12. Tata Construction shares were done at Rs. 48|-. Tata Oils opened at Rs. 17|4 but declined to Rs. 17|-. Bombay Telephones were done at Rs. 53|8. Bombay Burma shares changed hands at Rs. 275|-. B. B. Petrols steadied at Rs. 4|10.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Bombay Dyeing 763, 57, 61, 56, 57, 56.
Century 336, 31-14, 35, 30.
Colaba 126, 25.
N. Crescent 100-10.
Fazul 596, 86, 88, 91, 85, 80.
Indore 380, 378.
N. Madhowji 32.
Nagpur 481, 78, 80, 77.
New Great 180, 76, 77.
Pearl 358. 50, 53, 50.
Simplex 59, 49-6.
Swadeshi 410, 8, 7.
Burma 746, 42.
Hydro 1,236, 26, 35, 25, 27, 20.
Tram 135-10.
Def. 223, 20, 26, 21, 23, 21.
Ord. 61-4, 60-12, 61-2, 6, 60-10.
N. Bundi 18-8.
Indian 282, 81, 84, 82, 83.
Katni Ord. 210, 11, 7.
Alcock 306, 8, 6.

SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Ahbedabad Advance (100) 3425.
Apollo 60 nil 3/6.
Assur Veerji (5) nil 1
Barsi (250) 20y 125
Berar Manufacturing (500) 15y 768/12
Bharat (500) 10y, 64.
Bombay Cotton (200) 201 150
Bombay Dyeing (120) 201 xd. 756/4.
Bombay Industrial (20) 3.
Bradbury (200) nil, 160.
Broach Fine Count 250 nil, 20,
Century 100, 330.
Central India 100, 477/8.
Colaba Land Mills 125.
Crescent 100, 100.
Currimbhoy 250, nil. 102-8
David 250, nil. 230.
Dawn 250 460.
E D Sassoon United Ord. 0/7/9 0/8/0.
Ebrahim Pabaney 200, 152/8.
Edward Sassoon 200 200 ni 83-12.
Elphinstone 100, nil 7/8.
Fazulbhoy 230, 586/4.
Finlay 100 10y. 98/12.
Framjee Petit 1000, nil. 180.
Gokak 100, 137/8.
Gold Mour 100. nil. 90.
Hindustan 100 6y 1525.
Indian Bleaching etc 100 101 148-12
Indian Manufacturing 1,000 7s 1010
Indoro Malwa 100, 12/21 378/12.
Jamshed 250 nil 20
Jam Ranjf Soghji 1,000, 10y. 1600.
Kastoorchand 100, nil, 17/8.
Khandesh 1,000 50f 2100
Khatau Makanji 100 nil 81/4.
Kohinoor 10/0, 105 182/8.
Laxmi Cotton 200, 10 xd. nil, 1535.
Maneckji Petit 1,000 20y 1275.
Madras United 250 7/8i 440
Morarji Gokuldas 100 nil 860
Mathradas 50, nil. 20.
Meyer Sassoon 100 nil 65
Minerva 100 nil 90.
Model Mills Nagpur 250 nil 88.
Mysore 50 plus 21 xd 156/4.
New City of Bombay 70.
New Great Eastern 200 10y 465 177/8.
Osmanshahi 75 2|4y 45.
Pearl 210, 350.
Phoenix 100, 335.
Premier 10 nil 2/8.
Sassoon Cotton 100 nil f.
Sassoon and Alliance Silk 5f 65.
Sholapur 1000 10f. 4600.
Simplex Mill 50/10.
Sir Shapurji Broacha 100 nil 9.
Swadeshi 180, 20, 407/8.
Tata Mill 25, nil. 32/8.
Vishnu Cotton 500, 2250.
Western India Spinning (100) 6y 900

BANKS.

Bank of India 30/2 8 xd. 100-4
Baroda 5500 0|8 xd. 77.
Central 200 xd 18/8.
Eastern £5 dd. 88
Imperial 506, 40f. 1395.
Imperial Contributory 125 10f 346/4.
Union 5/11 346/4.
P. & O Bank £10 10f 129

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Gundi Portland 10/0/0 30f xd. 18/8.
Central India Mining 7/10.
Gwalior Cement 88, 10f 92.
Indian Cement 287/8.
New India Assurance 51f. 21-10.
Punjab Cement 100, 11-12.
Shahabad Cement 10y., xd 145.
Shivrajpur 20 2/1 xd 21/8.
United Cement 100, 6y, 75.
Katni Defd. xd. 770.
Katni Ord. xd. 207/8.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej 400 31/11/6f 792/8.
Amritsar Patti 3/10/0f 115
Central Provinces 92/8.
Dhond Baramati 100 2/11/6 98.
Gujarat 100 2/4/8f 78
Hoshiarpur Doab 100 4/12/6v 88
Larkhana 100 1f 89.
Mandra Bhon 90 1/15/2f 68.
Mymensingh 100 2/11/6f 98
Pachora Jamner 100 2|4 8f 85.
Sialkot Narrowal 100 2/4/8 90.
Sara Sirajgunj 100 2/6/9f 85.
Sind Light 100 5/7 64.
Tapty Valley xd. 652/8.
Upper Sind 100 nil 84/8.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric 100, 6 8y. 130 xd
Surat Electric O 100 5/7y xd 126-4.
Andhra Valley Ord. xd. 600.
Bombay Tram Ord. xd. 135/10.
Tata Hydro Electric 1000 10f xd. 1220.
Tata Power 800 nil, 598/12.
Karachi Electricity 100 2/4f. 152-8.
Poona Electricity 100 7y 145

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort 475 10y 130
Harvey and Sabapathy 500 80+20 1150.
Indian Cotton 125 17/8y 225.
Manmad Manufacturing 290.
New Berar 500 70y 783/12
New Mofussil 400 30y. 505.
New Prince of Wales 500 20y., 395.
Volkart U. P. 50/0/30y. 475.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

B. I. G. Insurance 10, nil 4
Bombay Life Assurance 20 1/4y 40
Empire of India Life 100 30|52 1905
Jupiter General Insurance Ord. 11/ 10/12
New India Assurance 6y 21/10.
Oriental Government Securities Life 100 2025.
Vulcan 100 0/8/0y. 6-14.
Industrial & Prudential 6 10/4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Asdown 100 6y 306/4.
Attock Oil 1. nil. 34.
Belapur Co. 50 nil 16
Bombay Safe Deposit U. P. Paid 200, 505.
Bombay Steam Co. Ordy 25, 19 196/4.
Burma Uganda 80 nil, 20.
Burma T Corporation 742/8.
Burma Crop. 10 As. 16 by 11/14 xd.
Indian Radio Ord 340 def 360.
Jost Engineering 50, 54/13/8 172-8.
Kemp 200. 15 196-4.
Mackenzie Saw Mill 100 132/8
Scindia Steam 9/8.
Tata Construction 49.
Tata Iron Ord. 61/2.
Tata Iron Defd. 223/2.

DEBENTURES.

Bombay Telephone 50, 1y 112.
Assur. Veerji Mills B 7 (F. T.) 94/4
Bombay Steam T 8 p.c 104.
Kastoorchand Mills T. 7 (F. P.) 80.
Kohincor Mills T. 7 102.
Tata Hydro B. 8 109.
Tata Steel B 7 p.c. £104
Tata Power 7 1/2 pc. 103.
Andhra Valley B 8. 108/4.
Apollo Mills B, 7/8 F.T. 90

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 16.

In response to easier New York advices the local forward market opened quiet at Rs. 332|8 for Broach A.-M. delivery. There was some covering which hardened prices to Rs. 334|8 but again ruled quiet. News of ending of the Lancashire influenced good demand and prices again hardened with more demand from commission houses. Liverpool opened at a decline of 5 points but later cables showed it unchanged which stimulated demand and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J.-A.	....	330	0 0
Broach A.-M.	....	335	8 0
Oomra D.-J.	....	300	0 0
Bengal D.-J.	.....	253	8 0

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Aug.	.....	243.80	—2.30
Nov.	.....	220.40	—0.50
Feb.	.....	211.70	—0.40

ROOM RATE

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Bengal 252 D-J.
Broach 334 A-M.
Broach 327 J-A.
Umra 298 D-J.

SPOT RATES.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Broach	341	336	328	323
S D	343	338	330	325
P A	344	339	331	326
K V	335	330	322	317
Dholera	330	325	317	312
Kalajin	334	329	321	316
Cutch	348	343	335	330
Surat	401	396	388	383
Rajpipla	401	396	388	383
Navsari	415	411	403	398
Southern-Westerns				309

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

100	Tata and Co., Kherakya	265
100	Tata and Co., Khandwa	265
100	Jamshed Mill, Harda Yellow	225
100	Volkart Bros., Ellichpur	278
100	Volkart Bros., Hingoli	261
100	Volkart Bros., Anjar	324
100	Volkart Bros., Munavadar	324
100	Volkart Bros., Palej	325
100	R D Tata and Co., Khamgaon	270
100	Forbes and Co., Rotak	218
100	Chacheti T and Co., Vankaner	233
100	Khatau Mill, Bombay Press	225
100	Toyomankwa, Sindh-American	285
100	Toyomankwa, Anjar	274
100	Toyomankwa, Shegaon	264
100	Toyomankwa, Bagalkot	311
100	Toyomankwa, Barwaha	256
100	Ital-India, Hingoli	262

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

—:o:—

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	....	364,274
Central India	93	289,116
Barsi and Nagar	49	262,555
Hydrabad-Gaoraui	....	84,892
Berar	176	790,582
Central Provinces	41	393,031
Total Oomras	359	2,284,450
Dholera	101	246,825
N W Provinces	....	62,116
Rajputana	3	51,364
Sind-Punjab	5	134,629
Broach	....	195,573
Coompta and Dharwar	587	128,391
Westerns-Northerns	221	60,432
Cocoanada	....	5
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	....	39,665
Persian	....	1,774
American	....	11,393
Egyptian and African	....	106,153
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	....	47
Total	1,276	3,322,817

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to 8th Aug. This year.
Europe	3,163	913,298
Japan and China	6,550	1,735,764
Coast Ports	....	19,769
Up-country by Rail	....	135,641
Afloat in harbour		
For Europe, China and Japan	....	23,818
Total	9,713	2,828,290

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Aug. 15.

Smoked, Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, lb. Spot 10-1/2 Sellers

LINSEED.

London, Aug. 15.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £20/10/0
Linsed, Calcutta, ton.
Shipment Sellers Sept/Oct. £20/12/6
Linseed, La Plata, C.I.F., ton.
Shipment to Hull Buyers Aug/Sept. £19/5/0
Linseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £21/2/6

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

—:o:—

New York Futures 19 to 27 Pts Lower

SOME HEDGE-SELLING

Bombay, Aug. 16.

The New York cotton futures market ruled very weak on Thursday. Prices opened at a decline of 3 points and closed at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 23 points for January option. Spot Cotton prices declined 15 points to 18 cents.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was weak and closed at a decline of 20 to 21 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 21 points at 17.99c.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 4 to 3 points and closed easy at a decline of 8 to 6 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices were reduced by 9 points to 10.15d and sales amounted to 3,000 bales.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Spot Sakel prices declined 10 points to 16.40d.

Empire Cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points with October 9.57 and January 9.46.

There is some improvement of weather particularly over the Eastern belt where temperature is rising in the absence of rain. This is bound to check weevil and continuance of present weather is likely to create bearish feeling. The need of rain over the Western Belt is still there and this is the only spot which is causing some anxiety otherwise the crop seems to thrive. Receipts are increasing and the trend of exports does not give any clue of strength.

Our special correspondent writes by mail as under from New York:

"The Boll-weevil is furnishing much discussion and considerable apprehension, but as yet damage from this source is negligible. Where the pest is prevalent poison is being used to such an extent as to check the ravages usually resulting from his presence. The weevil will be a determining factor in the ultimate yield of the crop and is being watched with widespread interest.

. . . . The recent recovery has probably been too rapid and it is questionable whether the buldge can be sustained unless a period of unfavourable weather develops, as it must not be overlooked that within the next few weeks, the movement of the new crop on the market will daily increase in volume and hedge selling will become a market factor. We continue of the opinion that a constructive position around the 18c. level is advisable until a crop of 15,500,000 to 16,000,000 bales is practically assured as we feel that this price will come very near to discounting a yield of that size. The trend of values from this level will be governed by prospects for a crop showing any DEVIATION from these figure."

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York October highest 18.11 lowest 17.88.

New York January highest 18.17 (at the opening) lowest 18.27 eclos0.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from New York:—

Some hedge selling in small market.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following telegram from their Liverpool friends dated 15th August 1929:—

Messrs. Mellor & Fenton:—

"We do not like to say how much we are against the market"

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office:

"July consumption in America 546,000 bales. Market featureless."

Messrs. Khimji Poonja and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool firends Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk & Co.:

"New York cables no rain Texas but less Eastern Belt."

"American consumption of July 546,000 bales."

Reuter:—"Market was easy. Prices declined on more favourable weather and liquidation."

From New York:—"Cotton dull and easy owing to small demand and shows no rallying power. Crop reports conflicting. Piecegoods and yarn markets quiet but steady.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 15th instant (5-25 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Movement of market during the next few weeks entirely dependent on weather, particularly in Texas, therefore recommend caution for the time being.

SUGAR AND WHEAT.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office:

Sugar September 2,03 cents.
Sugar December 2.16 cents.
Wheat September 1.33-7/8 Dols.
Wheat December 1.42 Dols.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 15.

October	17.99—.19
December	18.21—.24
January	18.27—.28
March	18.46—.27
May	18.68—22
Middling Spot	18.00—.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 15.

October	17.88—.21
December	18.16—.20
Middling Spot	17.99—.21

NEW YORK.

New York 10.55. (As know in Liverpool at closing time).

October	18.02
January	18.39
March	18.59
New York. 11-45 a.m.	
October	17.98
January	18.38
March	18.58

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Aug. 15.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	11,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	8,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug 15.

	Opening	Closing.
August		9.72—.09
September		9.68—.08
October	9.72	9.68—.66
November		9.65—.07
December		9.66—.07
January	9.71	9.67—.07
February		9.69—.07
March	9.78	9.75—.07
April		9.75—.07
May	9.84	9.80—.07
June		9.79—.07
July		9.80—.07
August		9.78—.05
Middling Spot		10.15—.09

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Aug 15.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	3,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	Nil

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug 15.

Scinde, Fully Good	6.05—.10
Scinde, Fine	6.30—.10
Scinde, Superfine	6.55—.10
Bengal, Good	5.80—.10
Bengal, Fully Good	6.05—.10
Bengal, Fine	6.30—.10
Oomra, Good	6.80—.10
Oomra, Fully Good	7.75—.10
Oomra, Fine	7.55—.10
Broach, Fully Good	8.15—.10
Broach, Fine	8.40—.10
Broach, Superfine	8.65—.10

AMERICAN MILLS CONSUMPTION

—:o:—

U. S. Census Bureau

(In thousands.)

	July 1929.	June 1929.	July 1928.	July 192.
Active Spindles	30,396	30,625	28,228	32,312
Consumption of Lint Cotton	546	570	439	569
Consumption of Linters	79	78	63	69
Exports of Lint & Linters	247	307	342	389
Stocks Ex-Linters in Mfg. establishments	1,052	1,289	1,007	1,404
Stocks Warehouses & Compresses.	986	1,376	1,190	1,823

On Sale Everywhere

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

EGYPTIANS COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug 15.

October	15.77—.03
November	15.77—.03
January	15.94—.03
March	16.05—.02
May	16.20—.02
July	16.25—.02
Sakellaridis, F. G. F., Spot	16.40—.50

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug. 15.

Linseed Oil, naked London, cwt.
Delivery Paid Sept/Dec. 34/4-1/2
Linseed Oil, naked London, cwt.
Delivery Sellers Jan/April 33/6

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Aug. 15.

Coffee, Fair Rio (No. 7, quality), Spot 15.5/8

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, Aug. 15.

	This Week.
Total Bullion	£140,700,000
Public Deposits	£15,000,000
Other Deposits	£100,800,000
Government Securities	£73,400,000
Other Securities	£30,355,000
Notes and Coin	£30,100,000
Notes in Circulation	£370,000,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	25.99 p.c.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Aug. 15.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £9/0/0
Castorseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Buyers Aug/Sept. £17/15/0
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £19/17/6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Aug. 15.

Chartered Bank of I.A. and C.	£20
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Register)	£126
National Bank	£50
Eastern Bank	£6-3/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	£85
Conversion Loan	£74
Indian Loan 5-1/2 p.c.	£99-3/4
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c.	£49-1/2
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	£57
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan	£66
Consols	£53-7/8
War Loan 5 p.c.	£101
Victory Bond 4 p.c.	£91-1/2

—NEW INDIA—

ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Capital Authorised	Rs.	5,00,00,000
" Subscribed	"	3,54,05,275
" Paid-up	"	71,21,055
TOTAL FUNDS	"	1,27,80,246

Insure now, before you suffer loss.

Fire, Life, Marine, Burglary, Motor Car

Personal Accident, All Risks (Jewellery) Etc., Etc.

Call at the Office.
Central Bank Building,
Esplanade Road:
Gener. Manage R. J. DUFF

BULLION

—:o:—

(The Bombay Ballion Brokers' Association Ltd.).

SILVER.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

London Ready 24-4.
London Forward 24-6.
America 52|12.
China Opening 2|4|8, Closing 2|4|10.
Ready 55|12.
Shravan Opening 55|7, Lowest 55|6-1|2, Closing 55|10-1|2.
Bhadra Opening 55|8, Lowest 55|7-1|2, Closing 55|11-1|2.
Teji Mandi:—
Shravan 3|6.
Bhadra -|14|-.

GOLD.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Ready 21|6|9.
Shravan 21|6|9.
Bhadra 21|7|0.
N. City 21|10|9.
N. Manor 21|9|9.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Aug. 15.

Demand Bills 484.37

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CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word

Terms :—CASH with order

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. —Advertisement Department, 'Bombay Chronicle,'" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—An experienced smart TYPIST with general knowledge of office routine. Shorthand preferred. Apply Box No. 2341, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1824

WANTED fresh B.Sc's to work as apprentices in the departments of a textile mill in Ahmedabad on a salary of Rs 60-10-150 per mensem. Intending candidates should send in their applications with their testimonials to the EMPLOYMENT OFFICER, Jubilee Mills, Ahmedabad.
M 32706

WANTED—RESPECTABLE AGENTS for selling shares of highly promising Jute Mills and Chemical Works concern on liberal commission. Apply to Managing Agents—THE DUCCA INDUSTRIAL MILLS, Ltd. 97 Clive Street Calcutta
A F

WANTED—A LADY DOCTOR, L.C.P. and S. or M.B.B.S. for a female Hospital up-country. Apply stating qualifications experience, age, nationality and lowest terms. No private practice allowed, Box No. 2339 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A 32685

WANTED.

MALABATI TEA CO. LD., wants PROVINCIAL ORGANISERS in each province and Native States of India, to organise the sale of "Malabati Tea" (leaf) by appointing some supervisors under them. The candidate will be paid Rs. 200|- and Rs. 60|- as T. A. per month; but he must be a registered share holder of the company by investing Rs. 500|- in the preference shares. The said amount is to be paid as soon as selected.
Apply to:—

INDIAN PLANTERS' UNION,
Mercantile Buildings, CALCUTTA.

WANTED.

Applications are invited for the post of permanent DISTRICT INSPECTORS under the BRITANIA TEA CO. LTD., to organise agencies for sale of "BRITANIA TEA" (loose or packed by the company) starting salary Rs. 130-25-300., plus bonus. Candidates if selected, will have to qualify themselves by purchasing shares of the Company worth Rs. 130|- and the full amount is to be paid after selection. Applications with copies of testimonials should be forwarded to the Calcutta Office of the Company: BRITANIA TEA CO., LTD., 25 B, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—ROOMS BLOCKS, SHOPS, at Forjett Terrace, Forjett Street, Tardeo. And a Bunglow at 148, Walkeshwar Road, both with Electric lights and fan accommodation. Apply K. T. ROWJEE, 183, Hornby Road or The MANAGER at the Building.
C R1819

FOR HINDUS ONLY.—FLATS modern, airy, well-lighted in a healthy and quiet locality at Tardeo Road, West Grant Road. Bus, tram, station only two minutes. Apply Mr. DONGRE, Jaifalwadi, Dongre Mansion.
C R1823

SANTA CRUZ. TO LET, on Tilak Road, three minutes from the station, ground and upper floor, four rooms each floor, Apply to DR. DHARGALKAR, Alice Buildings, Fort.
C 32709

PROFESSIONS.

WORLD'S GREAT PREDICtions.—Simply state your time and date of birth or writing letter. One year's life reading with character—Re. 1-0-0. Five years'—Rs. 4-8-0. Extensive—Rs. 10. The Great Indian Astrological Hall, P. O. Kashimkota, Vizag. District (S. India).
P R1821

PATH TO HAPPINESS peace and prosperity. The shortest and the quickest route. Cost four anna stamps (Post free). Apply to N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune-teller, Empire Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE IFTS will recover your claims and execute your decrees from Outstations. Write giving details to Post Box 526, Bombay.
T R1826

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE—1 Ton Ford with Canadian Steel body and removable Seats excellent as Delivery Van for progressive firm. Apply Box No. 2338, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
J A R1816

EDUCATIONAL.

JOIN UP AND DO YOUR BIT:—The National Gregg Association is an organisation formed to advance the mutual interests of writers of Gregg Shorthand. Write for full particulars to SECRETARY-TREASURER, Richey Road, Opp. Vakil Bros., Ahmedabad, The National Gregg Association
M 32708

FOR Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand. Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) opp. Thakkar Bros., near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Principal B. B. RELE B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS. Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M W. S.

MATRIMONIAL

WANTED—A suitable Match for a Young Handsome, Punjabee Hindu Widower, age 32, educated (B.A. B.T) well established in life. No caste restriction. For full particulars please correspond to Box No. 2340, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
M R1818

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

	Per Column. Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 58-0-
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the
(1) PROFESSORSHIP OF ENGLISH, and the
(2) PROFESSORSHIP OF EDUCATION,
on a salary in the scale of Rs. 500—40—1,000 per mensem, with efficiency bar at Rs. 800.

The appointments will be held subject to the University Act, Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

Applicants must possess high academic distinctions, successful teaching experience and research qualifications. Preference will be given to candidates who besides these possess a training in Western methods and have published some Research work.

Applications giving the above details and stating the minimum starting salary acceptable, together with copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned by name before August 30, 1929

F. AHMAD,
Registrar,
Aligarh Muslim University.
32646

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

AN EXAMINATION will be held early in the month of November, 1929, for the purpose of recruiting probationers for appointment as General Service and Station Service Telegraphists.

2. Candidates must be between the ages of 16 and 20 and must possess a satisfactory school leaving certificate, a certificate of the Cambridge School Certificate Examination (formerly known as the Cambridge Senior Local Examination) or must have passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised University.

3. No applications will be considered after 15th September, 1929.

4. Intending candidates should apply for particulars at once to the undersigned.

(Sd.) D. BANERJI,
Postmaster-General.
Bombay Circle.
32690

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 879 (now No. 58), Sayani Road, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of August, 1929, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st March, 1929.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those retiring.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd August, 1929, to 17th August, 1929, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JUGATRAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 22nd July, 1929.

(N.B.—The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after Tuesday, the 20th August, 1929, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Saturday, the 3rd August, 1929.)
32659

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINTH LOCAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders on the Bombay Register of the Imperial Bank of India will be held in the Bombay Local Head Office of the Bank, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 26th August, 1929, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time), for the purpose of electing two Members of the Local Board for the ensuing year in place of Mr. C. H. Goodall and Mr. E. J. Bunbury, who retire under the provisions of the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, but are eligible for re-election.

By Order,
J. G. RIDLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Bombay.
Bombay, 18th July, 1929.
32627

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from British subjects for the post of HARBOUR MASTER at the Port of Madras. Candidates for the post must supply the following information.

1. Record of sea service.
2. Copies of testimonials as to the candidate's good conduct, sobriety and ability.
3. Whether married or single, number of children (if any).
4. Copy of birth certificate.
5. Where educated.
6. Previous record of service as a pilot or a Harbour Master (if any).
7. A medical certificate as to physical fitness for service in India.
8. Must hold Board of Trade Master's certificate.

The pay of the appointment is Rs. 775|- per mensem rising on a time-scale to Rs. 1,175|- by an annual increment of Rs. 25|-

The posts are non-pensionable but carry with them a contributory Provident Fund, long service retiring gratuity, free quarters, good leave rules, and passage concessions.

The successful candidate will be appointed for one year on probation, but if found unsuitable his services will be terminated after three months probationary service, otherwise he will be confirmed on completion of probationary period and on passing professional and medical examinations.

Applications are to be addressed to the Deputy Conservator of the Port of Madras, Harbour Office, Madras, and must be received not later than 15th November, 1929.

Full particulars regarding the conditions of service will be forwarded to likely applicants.
32703

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the Common Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on MONDAY MORNING, the 19th August, 1929 at 11 o'clock (S.T.)

REGINALD SPENCE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Sheriff's Office,
High Court,
Bombay, 17th August, 1929.
32707

GENERAL IRON FOUNDRY AND WORKSHOPS.

THE following machineries and tools only are to be sold:—

(1) One Verticle Crude Oil Engine of 22 H.-P. complete with Oil Tank, Pulleys, Centrifugal Belt driven 2in. suction and delivery pump, 2 water tanks, etc.; (2) 1 Lathe of 10 feet, 2 Lathes 10 feet, 1 Lathe 8 feet, 1 Lathe 6 feet; (3) 3 Belt-driven Vertical Piller Drilling machines; (4) 1 Shaping machine 14 inches stroke; (5) 1 Plaining machine 9-1|2 feet table; (6) 1 Power-thread and Pipe-cutting machine; (7) 1 Milling machine; (8) 1 Belt-driven double Grinder; (9) 2 Belt-driven Blowers; (10) 1 Travelling Crane with Girders and Rails; (11) 2 Iron Cupolas; (12) various Types of complete Molding Boxes of cast iron; (13) Shaftings; (14) Pullies; (15) Lot of Scrap and Pig Iron; (16) Sundry materials.

For further particulars apply to:

SETH BADICHAND VARADHBHAN,
Chaudnichowk, Ratlam, C. I.
32697

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK-END EXPRESS TRAIN BETWEEN BOMBAY AND POONA DURING THE POONA RACING SEASON.

CONSEQUENT on 26th August, 1929, being Public Holiday, the Up Week-end Express usually leaving Poona on Sundays will run on Tuesday the 20th instead of Sunday the 18th August, 1929, to the revised timings, viz.:—

	H. M.
Poona	Dep. 19-45
Kirkee	Dep. 19-56
Lonavla	Dep. 20-58
Karjat	Dep. 21-52
Kalyan	Dep. 22-34
Dadar	Dep. 23-13
Byculla	Dep. 23-22
Victoria Terminus	Arr. 23-35

H. G. KEILY,
Chief Trans. Superintendent.
Bombay, 16th August, 1929.
32705

TENDERS

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of C. I. Pipes and Sluice Valves for delivery within three months of the acceptance of the tender.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.), on 16th September, 1929. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for C. I. Pipes and Sluices.

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
(Sd.) D. E. MAVJI.
Chief Storekeeper.
566, De Lisle Road,
Bombay No. 11
32704

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai KAMLAGAVRI, widow of Chimanlal Nagindas Gajjar, of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant. ..... Deceased.

(1.) HARIVADAN CHIMANLAL GAJJAR, (2.) MANGALDAS SHANKERLAL PATEL and (3.) AMRITLAL NAGINDAS GAJJAR, all of Bombay Hindu inhabitants, three of the Executors named in the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased, residing at Grant Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .. Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN WRIGHT KEMP, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Ninth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine and in the Twentieth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

E. FAHEY,

The 9th day of August, 1929.
Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
32702

LEGAL NOTICES.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 633 OF 1928.

Re: BURJORJI COWASJI CONTRACTOR, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, residing at 32, Gowalia Tank Road, lately a Merchant and Government Contractor in partnership with Ardeshir Hormusji Bhathena (since deceased) under the name and style of B. Cowasji and Co., and also on his own account under the name and style of Burr Brown and Co. till 1921 and now Unemployed .... An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 15th October, 1929, at 11-15 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1929.

S. K. BRAHMANDKAR,
Ag. Insolvency Registrar.
32710

AUCTION SALES.

Messrs. MISTRY & Co

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at 24, Walkeshwar Road, Seaface, near Band Stand, Chowpatty.

Of durable modern style artistic complete household furniture, consisting of Jacobean sliding dining table, chairs and sideboards, rich leather lined (Rocking) Chesterfield suites, office tables, Jacobean silver and library show cases, hall cabinets and drawing room suites to match, wooden beds with box mattress, chival mirror, dressing chests and tables, and Jacobean and plain almirahs to match, gramophone, steel ice chest, hall clocks, best platedware, etc.

Property on view and catalogues are ready.

GRAND AUCTION SALE TO-DAY at 3 p.m. (S.T.) of very high class up-to-date various style complete dining, drawing, bed-room and office furniture, also one Calcutt 2 seater motor car with electric fittings, comprising full size sideboards, expanding dining tables, chairs, silk lined drawing room cabinets, bureau rich leather and tapestry upholstered Chesterfield and drawing room suites, roll top and office writing tables, hall lamps, clocks, gramophone, centre gate leg and card tables, hat-stands, corner cabinets, few pieces of Indian carved furniture, single and double beds with box mattress, glass and wooden almirahs, chival glass, dressing and washing tables, meatsafe cupboards, plated ornaments, etc., at 65, Queen's Road, opposite Marine Lines Station.

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AUCTION . SALE

Messrs. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT BHAT BAZAR, DONGRI STREET, OPPOSITE KESAVJI NAIK'S STATUE.

Under instructions from Mr. S. S. Balsekar, the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1104 (The Provident Investment Co. Ltd., vs. Messrs. Vardhman Bros.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on FRIDAY, the 6th September next at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of quit and ground rent land together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bhat Bazar, Dongri Street, admeasuring about 282 sq yards, bearing Collector's Old No. 496, New No. 6406, Old Survey No. 143, New Survey No. 2796, Cadastral Survey No. 950, of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 1323, Street No. 434—438 and bounded on the East by Dongri Street, on the West by a public passage, on the South by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 951 and on the North by the property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 948.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT SHEIKH MEMON STREET, BALAJI SHAMSET STREET AND MIRZA STREET.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., Receiver appointed in Suit No. 112 of 1923 (Fatmabai, wife of Kaderbhoy Noorbhoy Malek and others vs. Ebrahimji Esmailji and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on MONDAY, the 2nd September next at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises:

All that piece of Pension and Tax land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Sheikh Memon Street, admeasuring (so stated in the title deeds) 91 2/9 sq. yards, bearing New Survey No. 5/1591, C Ward No. 6448, Street No. 32, and bounded on the East by a gully, on the West by the house of Sakoonabai, daughter of Caderbhoy Aladin and Mumbai, widow of Caderbhoy Aladin, on the North by the house of Toolsidas Gopaldas and on the South by Sheikh Memon Street.

On TUESDAY, the 3rd September next at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on tthe premises:—

All those two pieces of Fazandari land (now formed into one) with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Balaji Shamset Street, admeasuring (so stated in the title deeds) about 256 sq. yards, bearing C Ward No. 596, Street Nos. 71, etc., and bounded on the East by the house of Krishna Macoondji Goojar, on the West by the house of Atmaram Fakirji, on the North by Balaji Shamset Street and on the South by a sweepers' passage.

On THURSDAY, the 5th September next at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises:—

All that piece of Fazandari land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Mirza Street, admeasuring (so stated in the title deeds) about 186 sq. yards, bearing New Survey No. 1933, C Ward No. 621, Street Nos. 35, 37, 39 and bounded on the East by the house of Pestonji Bejonji Choksey, on the West by the house of Manockji Hirjibhai Choksey, on the North by Mirza Street and on the South by a Sweepers' passage.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Surveyor & Co., Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

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P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES, (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK)

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1929			
17 Aug	Naldera x	All	16,088
24 ,,	Razmak		10,602
31 ,,	Malwa	vessels	11,000
7 Sept	Rawalpin		16,619
14 ,,	Narkunda x		16,572
21 ,,	Rajputana	with	16,518
28 ,,	Morea		10,946
5 Oct.	Viceroy of India	now	19,648
12 ,,	Mantua		10,946
19 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
26 ,,	Ranpura	call	16,601
2 Nov.	Razmak		10,602
9 ,,	Maloja x		20,837
16 ,,	Ranchi	direct	16,650
23 ,,	Macedonia		11,120
30 ,,	Morea		10,954
7 Dec	Naldera	from	16,088
14 ,,	Viceroy of India		19,649
21 ,,	Rawalpindi	Bombay	16 614
28 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
1930			
4 Jan.	Narkunda x	without	16,572
11 ,,	Razmak		10,602
18 ,,	Rajputana x		16,568
25 ,,	Ranchi	transship	16,650
1 Feb.	Mooltan x		20,847
8 ,,	Morea		10,954
15 ,,	Mantua*	west	10,946
22 ,,	Viceroy of India		19,000
1 Mar.	Maloja x		20,837
8 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
15 ,,	Razmak @		10,602
22 ,,	Ranpura	Aden	16,601
29 ,,	Naldera x		16,088
5 April	Ranchi		16,650
12 ,,	Rawalpindi*		16,619
17 April	Morea (Extra)		10,946
19 ,,	Razmak		10,602
26 ,,	Malwa		11 000
10 ,,	Narkunda x		16,572

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice

All passengers are required to be in Possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only

x Through steamers from China have limited accomodation for passengers from India.

x Through Steamers from Australia have limited accomodation for passengers from India.

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Holiday excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£74
Adelaide	£76
Melbourne	£76
Sydney	£80
Brisbane	£82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.)	£100 via Sydney.

Period of availability 16 Weeks
Sailings approximately every month.

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There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 18th January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Liberty to call at Port Sudan Malta and/or Tangier.

Date about	Steamers	Tons
1929		
29th Nov.	Dumana	8427
19th Dec.	Dumra	8442
1930		
3rd April.	Dumana	8427
24th ,,	Domala	8442

These two vessels are one class ships Fares as follows:—

	Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth	A £64	£112
	B £60	£105
	C £58	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date About 1929 about		
21th Aug.	Mirzapore	Straits China and Japan.
30th ,,	Mantua	Colombo Straits China.
13th Sept.	Maloja	Colombo and Australia
15th ,,	Alipore *	Straits China and Japan.
27th ,,	Macedonia	Colombo Straits China and Japan
11th Oct.	Naldera	Australia.
25th ,,	Rawalpindi	Colombo Straits, China and Japan
8th Nov.	Narkunda	Australia.
22nd ,,	Rajputana	Colombo Straits, China & Japan.
6 Dec.	Mooltan	Australia.
20th ,,	Mantua	Colombo Straits, China & Japan.

* Class only.

SHIPPING

NYK LINE

OR SINGAPORE CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons	Arrive.	Leave
Kamo Maru	8000	— —	@21 Aug.
eNageto Maru	5901	20 Aug.	27 Aug
Katori Maru	10000	— —	@4 Sept.
Tamba Maru	5845	29 Aug.	12 Sept.
Atsuta Maru	8 00	— —	a 18 Sept
aTokushima Maru	5976	16 Sept.	28 ,,
Kashima Maru	10000	— —	@ 2 Oct
Sado Maru	5898	30 Sept.	14 ,,

eDo not carry passengers.
@ From Colombo.
FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Fushimi Maru	11000	22 Aug.	9 Sept
Hakozaki Maru	10500	5 Sept.	22 Sept.
Hakusan Maru	10400	19 ,,	6 Oct.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hong-Kong.	From Kobe
Korea Maru	20000	4 Sept.	11 Sept.
Shinyo Maru	22000	18 ,,	25 ,,

Other are Orient-Seattle, South American (East and West Coast) and Japan Australia Services

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1929			
21st Aug.	Barpeta		Basrah via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
23rd ,,	Vasna		Basrah via Karachi
28th Aug.	Karoa		East & South Africa.

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SATURDAY 17-8-29 at 9-30 P. M.
SUNDAY 18-8-'29 at 3-30 P. M.
TUESDAY 20-8-29 at 3-30 P. M.

'Vir Saubhadra'

Unprecedented Embroidery Velvet Dresses and Gorgeous Scenery.

WEDNESDAY 21-8-29 at 8-30 P. M.

SINHACHA CHHAVA.

The Hindustan Cinema Film Company's

Brand New
MYTHOLOGICAL FILM

"DAKSHA YADNA"

Will be screened from

Saturday, the 17th August, 1929, & throughout the week

At The

NOVELTY CINEMA

Grant Road, BOMBAY.

Do not miss to see the Film on the screen.

Apply for booking to:—
The Hindustan Cinema Film Company,
144 A, Girgaon Back Road,
BOMBAY, No. 4.

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TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 P.M.
TO-MORROW AT 6 P.M.

Banvard Musical Comedy Co.
In
"TIP-TOES"

The fascinating Musical Comedy from the Winter Garden, London
Plan at Messrs. Rose & Co. Ltd.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SEE AND HEAR
It in all its Dramatic Thrill and Intensity.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

SCREEN'S GREATEST DRAMATIC Entertainment
SYNCHRONIZED
With
MARVELLOUS MOVIETONE!
It's
UNIVERSAL'S MAMMOTH PRODUCTION

Vitality

Balance in diet is essential to the healthy growth and vitality of the child. It is not merely a question of the quantity of food a child gets. The important matter is that it should contain all the food elements required to build a healthy body.

A tonic food for all ages

Virol is the food which contains *all* the essential types of nutriment in one supremely digestible form. Even feeble and invalid children have in numberless cases won back to health and vigour on Virol. But the way to *prevent* weakness and ill-health is to put your child on Virol *now*

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The day has arrived when you will see the long expected masterpiece.

BAJI DESHPANDE
OR
THE VALLEY of IMMORTALS

Produced by the

MAHARASHTRA FILM CO.
OF KOLHAPUR

A glorious chapter from Maratha history in which Sardar Baji Prabhu a brave warrior, who along with a few Comrades defended strategic Valley with uncanny fierceness and offered themselves to be butchered that their King may be saved.

SEE IT TO-DAY
AT

Cinema Majestic

GIRGAUM.

4 SHOWS DAILY AT 5, 7, 9, and 11 P.M.

Extra Shows on Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays at 3 p.m.

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK

KRISHNA FILM CO.'S
Well-Known Production

THE VILE WOMAN

Written by Mr. SATYENDRA MEHTA.
Directed by Mr. KANJIBHAI RATHOD.
Photographed by Mr. CHATURBHAI PATEL.

Featuring:—
Miss RAMPYARI, Miss Gulab, Mr. Nandram and other Notable Cast.

Most sensational story depicting the Black deedse of the Queen and the Lieutenant of the State. Terrible bloodshed and fights. See the Brave deeds of the faithful servants. Attraction and Excitement from start to finish.

Krishna Cinema

DUBASH THEATRE,
New Charni Road.
Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday at 3-30 p.m.

Daily 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Next week:—
RUKSHAMINI HARAN.

Coming Shortly:—
"REVOLUTION."

Picture of the day

SHARDA FILM COMPANY

presents

Karuna Kumari

a powerful picture of history and romance with thrilling scenes of love and heroism.

Mr. VITHAL plays the chief role.

TIME:
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SATURDAY and SUNDAY at 3 P.M.

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Owing to Public Demand

IMPERIAL CINEMA

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KOHINOOR UNITED ARTISTS' Grand Production

"PUNYA-PRABHAV"

Featuring Mr. KHALIL and Miss JAMNA.
Daily (4) Shows

At 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 3 p.m.

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Imperial Film's Production
JEWEL OF RAJPUTANA.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

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THE FAMOUS OPERATIC BARITONE
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Greatest Love Romance

THE ONLY THING

With an all-Star Cast including the Screen's Fascinating Beauty and Talented Actress—

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With the Popular Handsome Actor:
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Smooth and silky, Icilma Powder goes evenly on to the skin, adding to the complexion a fascinating gossamer beauty and removing every trace of shine. So fine that it could not injure the most delicate skin, Icilma Powder does not clog the pores.

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CREAM and FACE POWDER

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There is no need to-day for any woman to be ashamed of her complexion; a beautiful clear skin is her natural birthright. Blotchy, discoloured complexions are always the result of failure to remove the accumulations of dead, decaying tissue clogging the new skin underneath, which is only waiting to show itself in all its fresh beauty.

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Science has provided an aid to nature in Mercolized Wax, which, gently massaged into the skin occasionally, dissolves away all the minute particles of the old, dried-up cuticle, leaving the young, healthy skin underneath pure and fresh-looking, as nature intended it to be.

MERCOLIZED WAX
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Get some from your Chemist or Stores and use it to-night and note the wonderful improvement in your complexion in a few days.
DOES NOT contain Mercury, animal fat or anything injurious to the complexion, and is guaranteed not to encourage the growth of hair.
Obtainable at all Chemists and Stores.

ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM

—:o:—

The President of the Board of Management of the Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, acknowledges the following donations received during the months of April, May and June 1929:—

	Rs.
The President, Buddha Society	50
The Manager, the Jacob Haji Essa Charitable Trust Fund,	50
Mr. Ananta Bhicoba Goregaonkar	15
Mr. Vamanrao V. Pradhan	5

Oranges from the Secretary and Treasurer, the Bombay (city) Red Cros Society, and Cinema films from Pathe India, Pathe Building, Ballard Estate, have also been received.

The following news-papers are being supplied gratis to this Asylum:—
The Hindoo.
The Anglo-Lusitano.
Gujrathi.
Weekly Illustrated Times of India.
The daily edition of the Times of India.
The Darul Islam.
The Rice Rangoon from Mr. Shah Meghji Thoban.
Mangoes from Messrs. Shah Moolji Abhechand and Harakhchand Kapoorchand Master and others.
Sweets &c. from Messrs. Shah Dewsi Jesing, Shah Gangji Kheraj, Gulabchand Hukma, Shah Moolji Abhechand, Shah Chapsi Wasanji Palani, Harakhchand Kapoorchand Master and others and Shah Doongarsi Monsi.

WEEKLY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Since our last Report was written the nett changes in the Home markets have been as under:—

New York	Oct.	Deer.	Jan.	Meh.
8|8|29	18.46	18.59	18.60	18.80
14|8|29	18.18	18.45	18.50	18.73
	—.22	—.14	—.10	—.07
Liverpool	Oct.	Deer.	Jan.	Meh.
8|8|29	9.79	9.78	9.79	9.85
14|8|29	9.76	9.73	9.74	9.82
	—.63	—.05	—.05	—.03

The American markets have been nervous and sensitive during the last week, rumours of increasing deterioration of the crop by the boll weevil preventing a decline and anticipation of Southern hedge selling checking any substantial advance.

Advices and opinions have again been very conflicting and our Liverpool Agents cabled us yesterday as follows:—

"It looks as if Strike about over. Covering due to rain East, drought West, but do not think well of following advance. Our opinion is that Bureau crop estimate conservative and that chances are in favour of a big crop".

Against this somewhat bearish advice we must set off Messrs. Garside's cable of 13th inst. which emphatically states that "Condition of the crop declined abnormally last week due drought Texas and excessive weevil damage". The U. S. A. Mill consumption for July is estimated to be 545,000 bales. If this is true it is a very large figure and brings the total domestic Mill consumption for the U. S. A. for the year to 7,095,000 which is 262,000 bales in excess of last year.

The total World consumption is estimated at 15-1|4 million bales, which compares with 15-1|2 and 15-3|4 for the previous two years. We think this figure is more likely to increase than decline in the coming year in which case a crop of 15-1|2 million bales will not add any appreciable amount to the carryover next year. Assuming therefore that the total supply position is approximately the same as that of last year we do not consider the present price level a high one.

In view of the very conflicting information which is being daily received we naturally hesitate to express a strong opinion but we wish again to emphasise the fact that the crop is not yet out of danger from the boll weevil, which with warm damp weather is still capable of causing very serious damage.

The local market has ruled firm throughout the week influenced to a certain extent by the shortage of rain in the Berar and Khandeish districts. The position is by no means critical, but it might become so after another week of drought.

The Mill Strike situation is improving day by day and there has been a good offtake both from Mills and Exporters.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

	London, Aug. 15.
T T Berlin on London	20.35-7/8
T T Amsterdam on Lonlon	12.10 3/8
T T Brussels on London	Closed
T T Madrid on London	33.09
T T Milan on London	Closed
T T Berne on London	25.21
T T Paris on London	Closed
T T London on Prague	163.81

The Second Kunchitigara Conference, will be opened at Kallambella, Sira Taluk, on Wednesday (the 21st instant), at 12 noon, when Rajamantrapraveena K. Mathan, Esq., B.A., third member of Council will open the Conference, and Sahukar M. L. Narasimiah, Contractor, Bangalore City, will preside.

BANKING COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN FOR CENTRALLY ADMINISTERED AREAS

—:o:—

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

By the courtesy and kindness of the Maharaja of Kapurthala, the Government of India have obtained the services of Dewan Abdul Hamid, Chief Minister to His Highness, as Chairman of the Banking Enquiry Committee for Centrally Administered Areas, i.e., Delhi, the N. W. F. Province, Baluchistan and Ajmer Merwara. The names of other members of the Committee will be announced shortly.—A. P.

JAVA, HONGKONG AND SINGAPORE MARKET RATES

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 15.

Messrs. R. Jumabhoy, Khoja Mohalla, have received the following quotations from their Foreign Branches:—

Singapore:—
Coffee Laibrarian Big per Picul Dol. 49.51.
Coffee Laibrarian Small per Picul Dol. 43.45.
Coffee Sourabaya usual quality per Picul Dol. 36.37.
Coffee Sorabaya best quality per Picul Dol. 38.
Coffee Palembang per Picul Dol. 26-1/2.27.
Pineapples slice per case C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 9/8/0.
Sago Flour per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 6/12/0.
D/ Bills 7 ds5s for Dol. 100 C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 156/0/0.
Market Tendencies:—Coffee decreasing. Sago Flour uncertain. Exchange steady. Steamer for Bombay and Persian Gulf on the 19-8-29.

Sourabaya:—
Coffee Robesta Ready per Picul Guilders 52.
Coffee Robesta Sept./Oct. per Picul Guilders 52-1/2.
Coffee Robesta Ready c.i.f. Persian Gulf per cwt. Rs. 52 No. 1.
Coffee Robesta Ready c.i.i. Uer sian Gulf per cwt. Rs. 51 No. 2.
Coffee Robesta Ready c.i.f. Per sian Gulf per cwt. Rs. 50 No. 3.
Coffee Robesta per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 50/8/0.
Java Sugar Ready per cwt. (in single bag) C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 8/3/0.
Java Sugar Sept./Oct. per cwt. (in single bag) C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 8/6/0.
Tea Peccoe per lb. No. 1 Rs. 0/9/9. No. 2. Rs. 0/7/9. No. 3. Rs. 0/6/9
Tea Dust per lb. No. 1 Rs. 0/8/6 No. 2 Rs. 0/7/0. No. 3 Rs. 0/6/0.
Market Tendencies:—Coffee decreasing. Sugar steady.

Hongkong:—
Cassia Dol. 9/95 per Picul.
Cassia per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 14/12/0
Green Beans Big per cwt. C.I.F Bombay Rs. 10/4/0.
Sugar Candy Superior quality per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 12/12/0.
Galangal per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 13/12/0.
Fire Crackers per case of 500 Packets C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 18/8/0.
Fire Crackers per case of 1000 Packets C.I.F. Bombay Rs 15/8/0
Exchange D/P Bills for Dol 100 C.I.F. Bombay Rs. 134/4/0.

LONDON GOLD.

	London, Aug. 15.
Bar Gold, Fine, per oz.	£4/4/11-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

	London, Aug. 15.
Interest, Day to Day Loans	4-1/8 p.c.
Interest, 7 Day's Market Loans	4-1/2 p.c
Bank Bills, 3 months	5-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 6 months	6 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	6 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	6-3/8 p.c.

Get a New Life

Thousands of hopeless patients have got new life, by using the following long tried specifics of the **Chief Hukma** of **Kashmir** State. Complete cure guaranteed or full amount refunded.

Victory (Regd.) shall make you perfect man in 2 hours: the best retentive and good tonic. No opium. Quite safe. **Price Rs. 2 per dozen.**

Teryaq Atshaq—Matchless remedy for any kind of Syphilis. Absolutely without mercury. No trouble, but complete cure in one week. **Price Rs. 3.**

Sajan Mohani (Regd.) A few grains of it shall change your old wife into quite young one in 10 minutes. Quite safe but most certain. **Price Rs. 2 per tola.**

Aksir—shall cure old or new Gonorrhoea in a few days without fail. Guaranteed not to contain Morphia, Sandal Oil, etc., etc. **Price Rs. 3 only.**

Tila Dilruba (Regd.) Use it once and you most proud and indifferent darling shall be enslaved for ever. A packet for 6 times Price Rs. 2 only.

Dr. T. N. SHARMA, KAVIRAT
Darulsehat (Regd.) Gujrat. (PUNJAB.)
R1822.

LADIES LOVE FINE THINGS

Mrs. ANNA CHANDI, M.A. (HONS.)
EDITOR: THE "SREEMATHI" Kottayam.
Writes:
I used your LODHRA and found it a sovereign remedy for all menstrual troubles. Its sweet taste and free diet add to the pleasantness of using it.
Ask your chemist, or
KESARI KUTEERAM,
Indian Chemists and Druggists. EGMORE, MADRAS.

LOCAL AGENTS:—
N. MAGANLAL & Co., 49, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay

You can *double* the value of your smile

This NEW WAY gives "off-color" teeth dazzling whiteness and makes your gums firm and healthy

DON'T think your teeth are naturally "off color" and dull. You restore them to amazing whiteness in a new way.

Germs by the millions breed in film. And germs plus tartar are the chief cause of pyorrhea. Film also invites tooth decay.

Based on modern research. Advised by leading dentists the world over. You will see and feel immediate results.

Film cannot be removed successfully by ordinary dentifrices. That's why dentists prescribe a special film-removing dentifrice called Pepsodent.

The way teeth grow whiter and brighter will delight you. You do not dream what lovely, dazzling white teeth you may have.

Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results, buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice — for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to Dept. I, Arnhold & Co., Ltd., 100 Clive St., Calcutta.

8-25-E

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RESPECTABLE AND INFLUENTIAL AGENTS WANTED FOR UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

City & Suburbs

TO-DAY.

S. S. "Naldera" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Rovers Cup: Sporting Union (Calcutta) v. Cheshires (Poona), Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

LECTURES OF PROF. KAJI AND DR. KHOTE.

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S. T.), when Prof. H. L. Kaji will deliver a lecture on "Co-operative Movement" and Dr. H. D. Khote, on "Common Infectious Diseases and their prevention" at 6 p.m. (S. T.).

BOMBAY YOUTH LEAGUE.

The Boycott Battalion of the Bombay Youth League will march through the streets of Bombay tomorrow (Sunday), preaching the Boycott of British Goods and Foreign Cloth. All members and volunteers are requested to be at Youth League Office, at 7-45 a.m. sharp.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of Sri Damakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagawad Gita at Patkar's Chawl, Bandra, to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S. T.).

The Swami will conduct a class in English on Bhagawat at the Ashram, Khar, to-morrow (Sunday), at 9 a.m. (S. T.).

DR. THOOTHI ON SEX PROBLEM.

The second in the series of five public lectures on "The Sex Problem in Indian National Reconstruction" to be delivered by Dr. N. A. Thoothi under the auspices of the University School of Economics and Sociology has been postponed on account of some unavoidable circumstances from to-day (Saturday), to Saturday (the 24th instant).

GUJRATI BRAHNOPASANA.

Upasna will be conducted at 8-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday), in the Prarthana Samaj Mandir by Mr. G. B. Trivedi in Gujrati. Poet Lalitji will sing the Bhajans. All are cordially invited to attend.

SECRETARIES' TRAINING CLASS.

The students of the Secretaries' Training Class will pay a visit to the Provincial Co-operative Institute, 9 Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay, to-day (Saturday), at 3-0 p.m. All students should meet at the Servants of India Society, at 2-0 p.m. from where the party will proceed to the Provincial Co-operative Institute.

Mr. R. P. Karwe, Vakil, High Court, will conduct the Secretaries' Training Class to-morow (Sunday), at 9-0 a.m. at tht Maratha High School. The subject of the lecture is "Co-operative Law and Rules". All students are requested to attend.

SHREEMAD BHAGVAD GEETA.

Shastree Vaijnath Laxman Athavale will conduct public classes at Madhav Bag Bhagvad Geeta Pathshala upper Hall. To-day (Saturday), Yoga Darshan, 8 to 9 a.m. (B. T.) and to-morrow (Sunday), Upanishad, 8-45 to 10 a.m. (B. T.).

THE KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association and the Saraswat Mahila Samaj there will be a "Vocal and Musical Concert" in the Association Hall, Gamdevi, to-day (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.), by Master Pralhad Dilruba Solo, and Master Athavle Vocal Music and Harmonium Solo.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood Mr. Manu Subedar will deliver a public lecture on "Business and Civilisation" at the Brotherhood Hall, to-day (Saturday), at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), when Sir Purshotam Thakurdas, Kt., will preside. The meeting is open to the Public.

KAPOLE WIDOW RE-MARRIAGE ASSOCIATION.

There will be a meeting of the members of the Kapole Community who are in favour of starting an Association to support the Re-Marriage of widows in the Kapole Bania Community, at Hira Baug, C. P. Tank Road, to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S. T.). Mr. Mangaldas V. Desai will preside. Only those that are in favour of this movement are requested to attend.

BOMBAY LOKHITWADI SANGHA.

The adjourned general meeting of the Bombay Lokhitwadi Sangha will be held at 8-30 p.m., to-day (Saturday) at Khandke Building No. 1, Dadar.

GITA PRAVACHAN.

Gitalankar Godashe Shastri will deliver pravachan to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. at G. T. Tembe's bungalow near King Circle Police Station Matunga.

LABOUR UNREST.

Prof. P. A. Wadia, M. A. of the Wilson College will deliver an address on "Labour Unrest" in the Prarthana Samaj Hall, to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. Babu Bipin Chandra Pal has kindly consented to preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

POSTER EXHIBITION.

An exhibition is being held of health posters submitted for competition by High Schools in Bombay, on Saturday next at 3-7 p.m. and on the following Monday 3-6 p.m. at the Y. M. C. A. Lamington Road. Prizes will be distributed at 5 p.m. on Saturday by Mrs. Chandavarkar. The competition was arranged by the Naigaum Social Service Centre. The exhibition is free.

LECTURE ON THE LIFE OF PROPHET OF ISLAM.

At the request of the Mutawallis of Kalapani Mosque, Moulvi Mohammad Ali, M.A. (Cantab) will deliver a public lecture on "the life and true teachings of Prophet Mohammad" (be peace on him) to-day, at 9 p.m. (S. T.), in the Kalapani Mosque at Madanpura. All are cordially invited to attend.

CLERICAL OWNERSHIP HOUSING AND MILL-HANDS HOUSING COLONIES.

Under the auspices of the "Tenants' Welfare Institute" a special meeting will be convened to-day (Saturday), at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the Municipal Corporation Hall, when Mr. Narayan Rao Kulkerni, will deliver a public lecture, on "How to promote Tenant Ownership" for Clerical Class, and to inaugurate "Mill-hands Housing Colonies," at minimum rent. Mr. Framji Bilia, L. C. E., will preside. Among the speakers will be Messrs. E. Woodfall, G. M. Chakradev, G. L. Kandalker, S. V. Paruleker, C. K. Narayan Swami and Dr. Govande. The meeting is open to all tenants of Bombay.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The P. & O. Mail steamer "Kaisar-i-Hind" arrived London on Friday, the 16th instant.

CLERK'S LAPSE AFTER 23 YEARS' HONEST SERVICE

Misappropriation of Firm's Money

ACCUSED PLEADS FORCE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

"It is a matter for regret that after serving honestly for 23 years you have to appear before me on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 3,313," said Mr. D. N D Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay, on Friday, when he convicted and sentenced B. G Raghavendra, a passage clerk in Messrs. Thomas Cook and Sons, to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 in respect of the above charge.

Opening the case for the prosecution, Mr. Spencer said that the accused had been employed in that firm for the past 23 years, and for the last 4 years he was employed as passage clerk. A part of his duties as passage clerk was to receive money from constituents, who booked passages and pay the same to the cashier.

DISCOVERY OF THE FRAUD.

On July 27, Mr. Sano cancelled a passage he had booked and asked for a refund of Rs. 110, which he had deposited with the accused and for which he had received a receipt. An examination of the cash book showed that only Rs. 50 was credited to the account of Mr. Sano. This roused the suspicion, of the firm and inquiries were instituted when it was discovered that the accused had misappropriated about Rs. 3,133 paid by nine constituents of the firm. A complaint was lodged with the police, and the accused, who had absconded soon after the first discovery, subsequently surrendered himself to the police.

Mr. J. H Sweeney, Assistant Manager of Messrs. Thomas Cook and Sons, explained the accused's work in the firm. He deposed that on Thursday, July 23, he received a letter from the Japanese Consul, asking for a refund of Rs. 110, which had been paid to the accused as passage money. On examining the accounts it was found that the accused had entered Rs. 50 in the cash book to the credit of the claimant. The firm, however, paid the whole amount. Further claims were later received from constituents when it was discovered that the accused had misappropriated about Rs. 3,133. A complaint was lodged with the police as the accused had absconded soon after the receipt of the claim from the Japanese Consul.

Miss Lily White, the next witness, said she wanted a passage booked to London via Colomb and went to the office of Thomas Cook and Sons and deposited Rs. 365 with the accused for which he had passed her a receipt.

Rao Bahadur G. M. Pandit, an ex-Judge of the Small Causes Court said he had booked a passage to London for his son with the firm, for which he had deposited Rs 300 and received a receipt.

After the evidence had been recorded the Magistrate asked the accused what he had done with the misappropriated money.

The accused replied that he had no recollection at all and was unable to say how, he had disposed of the money. Since last year he had been suffering from sleeplessness and had experienced many misfortunes and all the members of his family were ill and his house converted into a miniature hospital. He concluded by saying that he was not responsible for his actions.

The Magistrate then told the accused that he was charged with criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 3,313 and asked him if he pleaded guilty. The accused replied: "I plead guilty but my utterance will be somewhat mechanical for want of co-operation with my conscience."

The Magistrate then convicted the accused as mentioned above.

Sheaves from Foreign Fields

MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU'S PUBLIC LECTURE.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Muslim Students' Union, Youth Lodge Theosophical Society and the Young Men's Parsee Association Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will deliver a public address on "Sheaves from Foreign Fields" (Experiences of her American and European tours) at the Empire Theatre on Sunday, at 9-30 a.m. when Mr. M R Jayakar, M.L.A., will preside.

Admission will be by tickets of Rs. 10, Rs. 5, Rs. 2, Re. 1 and Annas 8 available at the Headquarters of the above Associations and from Indian Book Depot, Medows Street. Proceeds of this lecture will go for Flood Relief Funds.

Latest Cotton Quotations

JANUARY.

NEW YORK

New York,	Aug. 16.
Previous Closing Rate	18.27
To-day's Opening Rate	18.35
Difference	plus .08
To-day's Closing Rate	18.31
Difference	plus .04

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool,	Aug. 16.
Previous Closing Rate	9.67
To-day's Opening Rate	9.64
Difference	—.03
To-day's Closing Rate	9.66
Difference	—.01

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London,	Aug. 16.
Silver Ready	24 5 0
Higher	0 1 0
Silver Forward	24 7 0
Higher	0 1 0

Tone of market:—Steady.

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay,	Aug. 16.
1st Settlement	55 11 0
2nd Settlement	55 12 0

POONA RACES

SUMMER MEETING: THIRD DAY

(SELECTIONS BY "SENEX.")

3-0 p.m.—THE GHORPURI PLATE
KAYID SAUD 1
ASAD PASHA 2
NAJMAT-AL-SHARQ 3

3-30 p.m.: THE PATIALA PLATE.
PRINCE ARTHUR 1
DRY SUGAR 2
JOVIAL 3

4-0 p.m.: THE MONSOON PLATE
ROMANESCO 1
BLYTH BACHELOR 2
DAWN OF HOPE 3

4-30 p.m.: THE BASRA PLATE. Div. II.
THE GIRL FRIEND 1
HARSAK 2
BLACKBERRY 3

5-0 p.m. THE BLANDFORD PLATE.
MAHBOOBI 1
SERMON 2
GUINEA FLIGHT 3

5-30 p.m.:— The BRISBANE PLATE.
LIPSTOWN 1
FRIARGATE 2
SHRI NARAYAN 3

6-0 p.m. THE REAY PLATE.
WILLIAM'S MOUNT 1
BENTOI 2
BLANCHAILLES 3

6-30 p.m.: THE BASRA PLATE. Div. I.
RUBDAN 1
JALMOOD 2
ROYAL 3

PARSI MANAGING CLERK IN TROUBLE

ALLEGED CHEATING

At the Criminal Sessions of the High Court, Nanabhoy Cowasji Engineer, a Parsi former managing clerk in the firm of Messrs. Chitnis Kanga and Muzgamwala, solicitors was put up before Mr. Justice Allison and a common jury on charges of using a forged document as genuine and criminal breach of trust.

In opening the case for the prosecution, Mr. Saher stated that the accused was the managing clerk in the firm of Messrs. Chitnis Kanga and Mazgamwalla, solicitors. The accused came to know Meherbai, wife of Dr. Edulji Manekji Mody, who died in 1924. He was a frequent visitor at her place in connection with the sale of her jewellery and property. In August, 1925, a lady named, Dhanbai Dangore, made a claim for about Rs. 20,000 against the state of Dr. Mody the accused having come to know about that claim, volunteered his services and told Meherbai that he would do the needful through his master's firm. Subsequently, the accused wrote to her asking for an advance of Rs 100 towards the cost of translating certain statements. She accordingly sent him a cheque on September 5, 1925, for Rs. 100 drawn on the Imperial Bank of India in favour of Messrs. Chitnis, Kanga and Mazgamwalla. The accused also acknowledged receipt of the cheque.

CHEQUE NOT RECEIVED.

It transpired, continued counsel, Dhanbai Dangore did not file any suit as her claim was baseless. Subsequently, Messrs. Chitnis Kanga and Mazgumwalla demanded of Meherbai their fees. The accused represented to Meherbai that he had settled the firm's bill by paying them the amount of cheque as well as a further sum of Rs. 300. Relying on him, she acknowledged her liability to him for Rs. 300 by signing an entry in a book kept by the accused. Further inquiries, however, revealed that the cheque of Rs. 100, was never received by the solicitors' firm, nor the sum of Rs. 300 had been paid to them by the accused. It also became known that the cheque had gone into the account of a jeweller from whom the accused had made certain purchases.

Counsel further alleged that the accused dishonestly misappropriated the sum of Rs. 100 entrusted to him by Meherbai and fraudulently used it knowing that it did not bear the genuine endorsement of the drawees.

Mr. R N Coyajee, a retired officer of the Bombay Municipality who filed the complaint on behalf of Meherbai, corroborated the facts as narrated by the prosecution.

FREE TUITION IN SCIENTIFIC VOCAL MUSIC.

The free class which is conducted by the Shri Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, Kalbadevi, Bombay every week for encouraging the Art of Scientific Indian Vocal Music will be taken to-morrow (Sunday), between 9 a.m. to 11 a.m. at the Vidyalaya Hall, Kalbadevi Road, Old Telegraph Office Lane. Principal Kapileshwari will himself conduct the class accompanied by discussion on different Ragas. So all the students and members should attend in time.

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U. P. ULEMAS THREAT TO GOVT.'

"NO INTERFERENCE WITH SHARIAT"

DENOUNCE MUSLIM MARRYING A "KAFFIR"

MORADABAD, Aug. 15.

The Provincial Conference of the Jamiat Ulema, in its first resolution declared itself to have been duly constituted and representative of the Provincial Ulemas. The Conference superseded the old executive committee and constitution and appointed Maulana Abdul Qadir Badauni and Maulana Umar Daraz Bag. President and Secretary, respectively of the new Executive Committee, which was provisionally formed. The office of the Conference will remain at Moradabad. The Conference held the recommendations of the Age of Consent Committee to be against the Shariat and requested the Government not to pass them into law so far as Muslims were concerned.

In another resolution the Conference declared that Muslims would not obey any laws regarding their marriage, divorce, "khula" and religious education, made by any non-Muslim Government.

The Conference also passed a resolution against the Civil Marriage Bill being passed into law for in its view the marriage of a Muslim with a Kafir was against the Shariat, and such a law would constitute an interference with their religion. It also considered legislation requiring the registration of marriages and divorce and forbidding marriages between persons of certain ages, to constitute such interference? The Conference warned the Government that it would have to bear the consequences, of such interference. About a hundred Ulemas are attending the Conference.

PEON COMMITS SUICIDE

Information was received at the Princess Street Police Station, on Thursday morning, that Atmaram B Khanolker, a peon of Mr. I. J. Sopher, Bar-at-Law, was lying unconscious in a passage of the first floor of the Sorab Mansion at Kalbadevi. When the police went there Khanolker was already dead and a tumbler was found near him. His body was removed t the morgue, where a post-mortem examination revealed the fact that death was due to opium-poisoning. Two letters were found with the deceased, one addressed to Mr. Sopher, and another to some friends in which he wrote not to blame anybody. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide.

STOP PRESS

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Reuter learns that considerable progress has been made by Indian Central Committee which is now daily occupied with projected new Constitution for Provinces, dealing with each seriatim. Punjab problem may be reached in day or so. Hitherto proceedings have been most amicable. Resolutions passed may be materially amended when whole work is finally and comprehensively reviewed.—Reuter.

Justice Sir Rigby Swift has been appointed Chairman of the Cotton Arbitration Court.—Reuter.

G.D.A., F.I.S.A., F.C.R.A., C.A.I.B., L.C.C., & D.Com.
(I. M. C.)

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1929.

When Will They Act ?

—:o:—

Addressing the Independent Labour Party's Summer School at Welwyn, Mr. J. P. Dollar said that he was confident that when Parliament resumed sitting a statement of policy would be made by Mr. Wedgwood Benn satisfactory to the advocates of Self-Government in India. We do not know what grounds Mr. Dollar had for his confidence, but a clear unequivocal statement of policy by the Secretary of State for India may at least make the situation clearer, though a mere statement like the pious Declaration of 1917 will hardly meet the needs of the present situation. For, notwithstanding appearances to the contrary, the present position in India is serious in all conscience and, in the words of Dr. Sunderland, the British Minister responsible for India, has to choose between being a Lord Durham and a Lord North of the 20th century. When the American Colonies made their last offer to Britain, British Ministers laughed. But the laughter went against them finally. If need be, India shall not fail to repeat history.

We said that appearances may all be to the contrary. They are. So many of our leaders, who should have known or done better, are only marking time, waiting for something to turn up, scanning formulas about our ideals, indulging in academic disquisitions whose eloquence cannot conceal their barrenness, and often enough railing at each other's policies. Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal might have thrilled his Bombay audience—and with good effect too—if he had thundered, as he did a generation ago, against foreign cloth. But he chose to dissect formulas of national autonomy. We agree with him that he is rather clever in using words. During the present year at least when all parties have endorsed his own formula, his phenomenal eloquence might have been used for something more practical and more urgent.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani's address at Cawnpore on the present situation was remarkable mainly for its outspokenness, but was not one to inspire spirited action, which alone can redeem the situation. That men like him are put on the black list of the C. I. D. is itself a symptom of a disease which loudly calls for prompt action, as the diagnosis of the disease has been known long enough. He has, however, done well to declare boldly that "Government has tried in a most sinister manner to thwart the recommendations and intentions of the Government of India Act of 1919 by giving illegal interpretations of the powers given to the Viceroy and by exploiting communal and other differences." We only regret some of the communalist leaders unconsciously play into the hands of Government by standing in the way of a complete settlement of the Hindu-Muslim settlement and even affecting alarm at the attempt that is now being made by Mahatma Gandhi to complete the settlement. Mr. Chintamani rightly emphasised the need for all Indians to stand as one man against the foreign yoke. It is not, however, enough for all Indians to stand together. They must make a vigorous united effort to shake off the yoke. That can be done to a dead certainty if full justice is done to the Muslim and other minorities and if the majority and the minorities concentrate their efforts on the boycott of foreign cloth. It is only then that, as Pundit Motilal said, India would have the whip hand of the situation. It is only then that the Labour Government or any other Government would make a fully satisfactory statement on India.

"Slowly Growing Tendency"

—:o:—

The Public Accounts Committee examined Colonel Kirkhope of the Indian Stores Department for four hours on Thursday. The Indian members of the Committee plied him with many questions, with a view to ascertain from him why the Department was still working at a loss and why it did not receive from Government, as the largest consumer of stores of all kinds, the encouragement it was entitled to expect. Colonel Kirkhope's explanation was illuminating. The Government, he said, showed a "slowly growing tendency" to patronize the Department. His analysis of the Government's step-motherly attitude gives emphatic support to the public contention that in this country the State does not stimulate the manufacture of indigenous material by patronising it, a sad contrast with the attitude of Governments in self-governing countries which are keen on supporting home industries. In India the Railways and the Army, and the other "Purchasing Departments of the Government," as some members of the Public Accounts Committee pointed out, "should be enjoined to utilise the services of the Stores Department for making the maximum of their purchases". But the fact is that they do not. Particularly on the railways the tendency is to import practically "every nut and every bolt" from Britain. From the point of view of the British industrialists this is a very desirable state of affairs, but from the Indian point of view a very distressing one. We are in entire accord with the suggestion made at the meeting of the Public Accounts Committee on Thursday that a Committee of the Legislative Assembly should be appointed to investigate this important matter. We are sure investigations by such a body will illumine many a dark place in the whole policy of the Government towards stores purchase.

Progressive Scholarship.

—:o:—

The Bombay Historical Society has been in existence for less than five years. And yet it has been able to create conditions for progressive scholarship undiscovered by learned institutions grown antique during fifty years' existence. Its prestige is being earned and built up by work achieved, continuously and systematically. Already, it has touched points of live contact with the intellectual life and currents in and outside the city. The annual report of its activities and the information and discussions embodied in its journal, edited with scholarly ability, precision and thoroughness, provide the necessary healthy antidote to the anaemic sentimentality and vague assertions that have in recent times detracted from the dignity of national culture, art and scholarship. Rev. Heras, President of the Society, Mr. Braz Fernandes, its Secretary, and the members of the Governing Council have, by force of example, brought together for the Society a group of earnest workers. They are, however, handicapped, as almost all earnest intellectual workers in the country are handicapped, by popular apathy. The University of Bombay, to mention just one example, offered a grant of Rs. 1,500 to Rev. Heras for a historical tour for the search of the "Kadamba Documents" in the Kanarese districts of the Presidency. The results of that modest grant are now recorded in the journal. The group of students of the Indian Historical Research Institute of St. Xavier's College, directed by Rev. Heras, visited 34 villages and towns, studied first-hand 73 temples, examined 8 forts and 165 inscriptions. They copied seven and obtained rubbings from 32 inscriptions. They obtained 24 coins and they traced 1 copper-plate grant and 3 Mss. They were able, moreover, to secure 106 photographs of the antiquities in their tour. The figures denote, surely, material of invaluable assistance for research by students of Indian history, art and culture. Without the opportunity for scrutiny and discussion which the journal presents, the material thus gathered would lose, perceptibly, its wide scope, importance and value. The Society has suffered heavy deficit for the publication of the journal. Despite the deficit, it has boldly decided to "adhere to an active programme and retain the high standard and the regularity of the publication." Its record of continuous work and distinct achievement entitles the Bombay Historical Society to claim whole-hearted support for its courageous decision from all quarters interested in the advancement of scholarship in the Presidency, not excluding the University and the Government of Bombay. The Society ought not to be left to depend for its rapidly growing scholarly activities solely on the slender subscriptions of its members.

"India in Bondage"

—:o:—

The Government of Bengal have followed up the sentence on Mr. Ramanand Chatterjee with an order of proscription against the book "India in Bondage" and the forfeiture of all copies of the book "wherever found." This demonstration of might is in itself, as Dr. Sunderland observes, an evidence of India's bondage. We doubt if the Government will get at all or many copies of the proscribed book despite their order to forfeit them "wherever found." Many owners who cherish the book as something like their political Bible would refuse to part with their copies, as an act of Satyagraha against a caprice of Might. Dr. Sunderland has proclaimed Messrs. MacDonald and Benn as "great honoured Englishmen." Their greatness and honour are on trial.

NEEDS OF THE INDIAN VILLAGE

The Acute Problem of Water Supply

(BY KHAN BAHADUR JACOB B. ISRAEL.)

III*

The next and most vital matter which is bringing poverty to agriculturists in India and is creating inability to pay the land revenue with ease is the village water supply needed for drinking, other domestic purposes and land irrigation.

A DISQUIETING PHENOMENON.

For some unknown reasons, not yet unearthed by science, the underground water in the country is drying up rapidly in areas after areas and reducing them to a desert condition. Every year more and more wells are running dry and thus garden produce is materially reduced and it has caused a serious reduction in the agricultural wealth of the country. For instance, when Dr. Mann returned to Hyderabad, as Agricultural Adviser to the Nizam, I had occasion to correspond with him and suggested that he might, during his visit to Aurangabad and Dowlatabad, watch and note the old time country remedies that I had seen being used by the Bagbans of these places against diseases attacking orange trees and grape vine. In the days of my visits to these places there were numerous orange orchards and vineyards there yielding fruits with nectarine juices and unrivalled luscious taste. It rent my heart to hear from Dr. Mann that the state of happiness I had seen had vanished altogether. Well after well had dried up and all gardens had disappeared. He met a single lonely Bagban who pointed out his dried garden and said that that was the third garden he had planted in the place of others dried up before and he was frightfully in ruin. Well after well dug by him for renewing the gardens had mysteriously dried up.

It was once thought that the wells were drying owing to years of scanty rainfall. But, in years of abundant rainfall many of the wells once dried up did not get replenished with water and the process of drying is continuing more or less unabated.

IN MOGHUL TIMES.

I suggested to Dr. Mann that in the Moghul times village tanks and damming of small rivers and nallahs at short distances was very common (such waterworks of Aurangzebe in Khandesh are still a boon to the country). Every hollow collecting storm water was carefully dammed and preserved. Hill and other forts and temples used to have huge collections of water in moats and tanks. For fear of malaria we have allowed all these to silt and dry up. These used to be stores of water supplying the wells in the fair season. We are allowing all rain water to run out to the sea with the result that we are converting the country practically into a desert. I said we would have rapidly to restore these past collections of water and science would have to find other modes destructive to malaria. If that

(Continued on page 14.)

*The previous articles appeared on July 8th and July 16th respectively.

THE PROBLEM OF BRITISH GUIANA

An Outlet For Indian Enterprise

(BY C. F. ANDREWS).

III*

Since I have arrived at British Guiana, every day has been very fully occupied in studying all the documents connected with the country and with Indian settlement in it. It may be well to remind Indian readers that British Guiana is an immense track of occupied land stretching down from the North coast of South America until it reaches the region of the river Amazon in Brazil. At no distant date in the future there will be a great railroad connection linking the North of South America with the Southern States; just as the Cape to Cairo railway has become a particular ideal of all who have to do with African economic development.

COMPARISON WITH AFRICA.

If you take the map of the world and compare the two continents of Africa and South America, there is a remarkable similarity between them: they both are tapering towards the South and bulging towards the North, and they also both have a vast unknown interior. There are, however, two main differences: (1) the centre of Africa towards the North is the Desert of Sahara; the centre of South America on the North is on the other hand the vast fertile plain of the Amazon and Orinoco; (2) while the chief mountain range in Africa runs down the East from Abyssinia, and reaches its highest point in East Africa with Mount Kenya (17000 ft.), Mount Kilimanjaro (20,000 ft.), and Mount Elson (16,000 ft.), the mountain range of the Andes in South America runs right down the West Coast, almost unbroken from North to South while the East is comparatively flat, and immensely fertile.

AN IMPORTANT LINK.

In spite of these differences it is obvious that some day in the near future a railway will connect the vast city of Buenos Ayres in the South, through the heart of Brazil with the Northern coast; and it would appear likely that George Town when its harbour is deepened and improved, will be the head of the Trans-Continental Railway running North and South, for no other place on the northern Coast has anything like the same claim to become such a terminus. Since the great fertile plains of central Brazil are easily able to hold a vast agricultural population this key position of British Guiana with its port of George Town must not be forgotten.

VAST OPPORTUNITY FOR SETTLERS.

In the world to-day, there are roughly speaking only three vast areas still remaining wide open for large human populations; one of these is the fertile lowland of Siberia, stretching across Asia; the second is the Great Prairie land of Canada; the third is the tropical lowland area of central South America. With regard to Indian settlement the first two of these immense vacant areas are practically ruled out, because they represent the colder Northern

(Continued on page 14.)

*Previous articles appeared on the 12th and 14th instant.

Notes of the Day

A Temple For All Hindus.

"This temple is thrown open from to-day for free access to Mangs, Chamars and all Hindus alike for purposes of darshan, bhajan, for offering worship and prayers and for attending to religious discourses etc." The above is the inscription—a complete Charter—on the signboard that was put up at the entrance of the famous Dattatraya Temple at Ellichpur on the 31st of July last by the unanimous decision of the Trustees of the temple. Would that all the trustees of all the Hindu temples all over India could display the same sense of justice—we shall not say magnanimity—and the same true sense of religion. That would remove a long-standing canker in Hindu society, a blot on Hindu religion, and would be the crowning piece of Sanghatan. The speeches of Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Vinoba Bhave on the occasion of throwing open the temple to all Hindus are so inspiring that the Untouchability Committee of the Congress, under whose auspices the ceremony took place, will do well to publish in pamphlet form their full text together with a reasoned appeal to all Hindus to banish untouchability from the fold of Hinduism.

Mass Education.

"The capital of a country", said an Education Minister of England, "does not consist in cash or paper but in the brains and bodies of the people who inhabit it". That is the text which Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, member of the Legislative Council of Bengal, develops in an able pamphlet on "Primary Education in Bengal." The pamphlet examines the various difficulties, mainly financial, of the problem of mass education and suggests fairly detailed ways of meeting them. Though it refers primarily to conditions in Bengal, it would be found useful by all Indians interested in mass education. It concludes with a well informed appendix containing a brief survey of elementary educational systems in various progressive foreign countries.

Nobody's Darlings.

The Bombay Corporation has begun well in referring to the Medical Relief Committee the question of foundlings' boxes at Municipal hospitals in the city of Bombay. We hope the Committee will unhesitatingly approve of the plan and that the Corporation will finally adopt it. It would be a great humanitarian service to do so and will no doubt appreciably reduce infanticide in the city. We do not think any valid or serious objections can be urged against the proposal. Mr. P. G. Sahasrabuddhe's objection that foundlings' homes would put a premium on immorality showed little charity to the erring mothers—in most cases victimised—or to the innocent babes. The unquestionable responsibility of society to care for its foundlings can be considerably reduced if the cruel irrational and irreligious ban on the remarriage of widows is entirely removed.

Carried as Cattle.

During his recent visit to Pandharpur for social welfare work Dewan Bahadur Pai noticed that the railway administration which reaps a rich harvest of revenue by catering for the enormous pilgrim traffic to this place, held in the highest veneration by millions of Hindus, is still in the habit of using goods vans for coping with the rush of traffic. It will be recalled that protests have been repeatedly made by popular representatives in the Legislative Assembly against this insulting and unhygienic method still in vogue on certain Indian railways. In fact some of these goods trucks used to bear an inscription that they each had the carrying capacity of so many maunds, so many horses, "and 29 pilgrims". This offensive inscription has disappeared but the use of the trucks for pilgrim traffic still remains. When will the Railway Board deem it fit to exercise its control and put its foot down strongly against this outrageous practice?

A Thought for the Day.

"Grinding poverty and flaunting insecurity do not make their victims sociable and co-operative people. I know how I would feel if my wife and children were in daily want of the essential needs of ordinary life; I would wage war with all my might against the system which made them the prisoners of poverty; discontent and agitation would be my main purpose until my loved ones and their home were guaranteed against hunger and the haunting ghost of unemployment."

MR. DAVID KIRKWOOD, M.P.

PHYSICAL TRAINING IN SCHOOLS

—:o:—

Special Department to be Created

SCHEME ESTIMATED TO COST RS. 4,73,000

The Report of the Committee appointed to inquire into and report on the question of physical training of pupils in Primary and Secondary Schools in the Presidency has been published. The Committee was appointed in October, 1927 with Mr. K. M. Munshi as Chairman and Messrs. H. R. Hamley, L. B. Bhopatkar, Dr. S. B. Mehta, Miss B. H. Motiwala, Khan Bahadur Shah Nawaz Khan Ghulam Murtaza Khan Bhutto, Mr. C. B. Purani, Mr. J. G. Gune and Mr. K. R. Kanitkar (Secretary) as members. Messrs. B. G. Jagtap and Jairamdas Daulatram were subsequently added to the Committee.

TERMS OF REFERENCE.

The terms of reference were as follows:—

(1) To review the measures hitherto taken for the physical training of pupils in public Primary and Secondary Schools; (2) To determine the results achieved by these measures; and (3) To suggest further measures for the improvement of the present position, e.g., provision of well-graduated courses of Physical Training (including, if thought advisable, formal gymnastics) and free games with reference to indigenous games and exercises as far as possible suited pupils of different ages and in different stages of school instruction; provision of Gymnasia, play-grounds, etc., in connection with public Primary and Secondary schools; offer of grants-in-aid to 'akhadas or gymnasia which admit pupils of public Primary and secondary Schools for Physical Training; reservation of Government, Municipal and District Local Board open spaces in villages, towns and cities for use as public play-grounds, and offer of grants-in-aid to Municipalities and District Local Boards for the provision of open spaces in areas subject to their authority for use as public play-grounds; (ii) To consider the question of the introduction of compulsion for physical training in Primary and Secondary Schools and the steps and measures necessary therefor: (iii) To consider and report upon any other matter which may be germane to the above general question.

The Committee held 25 sittings, received 130 statements and examined 63 witnesses. Their report contains 86 pages with appendices and is priced at annas four.

A SURVEY OF CONDITIONS.

After a preliminary discussion of the general aspects of physical training, the Committee survey the existing conditions of physical education in schools, both in the City of Bombay as well as in the mofussil, and record certain conclusions which may be summed up as follows:—(a) the physical training as at present given in High Schools is inadequate, not well distributed and unsystematic; (b) except in some places in the Northern Division and Central Division, there has been no official effort to introduce systematic compulsory physical training in primary schools; (c) health records are unsatisfactory; no medical examination worth the name takes place in either the Secondary or Primary Schools; (d) physical training through gymnastics of Western type is very limited; its prohibitive cost prevents it from being made a basis of any scheme of compulsory physical training; (e) physical training on indigenous lines has lately been much stimulated and popularised; and there exists in this Presidency excellent institutions which can be suitably used as centres for physical education; (f) prevailing systems of physical training, though essentially Indian, have absorbed some excellent features of western training and afford a good basis for a uniform syllabus applicable to the whole Presidency; (g) aforesaid physical training activities cost little and comprehensive physical training based on these lines is not likely to be very expensive.

DIFFICULTIES AHEAD.

There are difficulties in the way of an introduction of an exhaustive scheme for physical training. These include (a) lack of correct notions about physical education, (b) spasmodic and feeble efforts, (c) dearth of good physical instructors, (d) queer and orthodox views of certain classes in the Presidency, (e) absence of a strong and educated public opinion on the question of physical training, (f) unsuitability of existing educational conditions for introduction and expansion of physical education, (g) poverty of the people and (h) the inability of the Government of Bombay to provide large funds for the purpose.

The Committee consider, however, that the State must undertake a comprehensive scheme of compulsory physical education. Unco-ordinated private activities, however enthusiastic they may be, are bound to be ineffective for this purpose in and country, much more so in such a poor and farflung Presidency as Bombay. "In our opinion", observe the Committee, "an activity which would ensure the physical well-being of its subjects ought to be a first charge on the resources of the State."

ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT.

The Committee, therefore, propose the immediate establishment of a Department of Physical Education as a part of the Education Department, which they consider is a vital necessity. They recommend the appointment of a Director of Physical Education to organise the new Department. Pending the selection of the right sort of man for the post of Directorship, a suitable person familiar with the physical training activities in the Bombay Presidency, preferably an Indian, should be temporarily appointed to organise the department. The Department of Physical Education should form an integral and indissoluble part of the Education Department and it should be under the guidance and control of the Director of Public Instruction. An office of the Department of Physical Education, with a Secretary at its head, must be set up in order to control physical education throughout the Presidency. In order to fulfil with efficiency the duties of the Director of Physical Education, a graduate of an Indian University with experience of local conditions and an intimate knowledge of physical training, should be sent for about 2 years to either England or America to study the organisation and administration of a department of physical education and to qualify for a degree in physical education with a view to being appointed on his return as the Director of Physical education for the Bombay Presidency. Bombay should be the headquarters of the proposed Department of Physical Education.

CENTRAL BOARD.

Further the Committee suggest that the public should be intimately associated with the activities of the new Department of Physical Education and for this purpose they should establish a Central Board of Physical Education. The composition of the Board will be as follows:—(a) the Director of Public Instruction; (b) five members elected every three years by the Heads of Training Schools recognised for the purpose of granting diplomas to teachers in physical education (one from each Educational Division); (c) two members elected by the Legislative Council for the term of each Council; (d) one member nominated by the Syndicate of the University of Bombay for three years; (e) three members nominated by the Minister of Education; (f) the Directress of Physical Education; (g) the Director of Physical Education (ex-officio Secretary of the Board).

The functions of the Board will include:—(a) to advise the Minister of Education as to the policy to be pursued in respect of physical education; (b) to sanction suitable syllabuses for physical training; (c) to get prepared literature necessary for physical education propaganda; (d) to frame rules for school programmes, school hygiene, medical examination and record, physical training and for all other activities connected with the Department of Physical Education; (e) to publish an annual report on Physical Education in the Presidency; (f) to recommend such other directions in the matter of physical education as it may think fit.

The Committee also suggest the appointment of a Deputy Director of Physical Education for boys for each Educational Division in the Presidency, and of Supervisors of physical education in each District, in whose charge the hygiene of school buildings and the school programme should be left. The Head Master of each school, primary or secondary, should be responsible, so far as the institution is concerned, to the department for carrying out the rules and instructions relating to physical education and to furnish materials to the Supervisor when required. All school authorities should be trained to treat physical education as an integral part of education in all respects.

TEACHERS' RESPONSIBILITY.

For this purpose, the Committee recommend that (a) every teacher should be responsible for carrying out the rules and instructions relating to physical education in his own class; (b) hygiene and physical education should be treated on a par with other subjects as far as the promotion of the pupil, is concerned and the curricula should be so altered as to introduce physical education as a compulsory subject in every class; and (c) promotion of all teachers, subject to just exceptions, should in addition to their other qualifications depend upon their having obtained a diploma of physical education.

With a view to affording medical assistance for curing physical defects, the Committee suggest that Government should arrange for the services of the Medical Department free of charge. In effect, close co-operation between the medical officers of the district and the schools is absolutely necessary. For this purpose physical education in each district should be supervised by a committee consisting of the principal Medical Officer of the District as Chairman and the Deputy Educational Inspector of the District, the Deputy Director of Physical Education for the Division and the District Supervisor, and the Lady Supervisor of the Division concerned. If necessary, the Chairman of the School Boards of the Local Authorities in the District and the Head Masters of the High Schools may be added as members. Further the Committee recommend that clinics should be opened for school children at Government Hospitals, where the pupils recommended for treatment should be given special attention and should receive free treatment.

The problem of nutrition, the Committee say, is difficult to deal with. Cases of under-nourishment are common enough in children, and particularly in the primary schools in the rural areas and villages. To successfully deal with this question the following measures are proposed.—(a) communicating to the parents the physical condition of the child, the causes which have led to those conditions and their cure; (b) teaching children the principles of good food and other habits; and (c) penalising by law, hawking near the school premises.

PLOTS OF LAND FOR GYMNASIA.

The next important question is of plots of land for play-grounds and gymnasia for schools. It is suggested that Government and Local Authorities should, on the recommendation of the Inspector, acquire plots for play-grounds and gymnasia in proximity to the permanent school buildings. But in cases where the schools may be located in buildings that are not their own or may be too poor to have their own play-grounds and gymnasia, it is not advisable that schools should cease to be maintained if they fail to provide an independent play-ground and gymnasium of its own. The difficulty in regard to this can be met by: (a) considering the feasibility of a common play-ground for a number of schools. (b) co-operating with local Physical Training Institutes, if available; and (c) providing for Indian gymnasia, which are generally maintained at a very small cost.

The Committee also make recommendations in other directions. They state that recognition of schools by the Department must also be made to depend upon its fulfilling the requirements of the Physical Education Department as regards school-site, building, play-ground, gymnasium and a staff with physical education diplomas. Grants must be given and old grants continued only in the event of schools fulfilling the conditions abovementioned required for recognition Further Government should provide facilities for school recreations in the following manner:—(a) Railway Companies can give excursion tickets either free or at a nominal charge to every school once a year, not beyond a certain distance; and (b) every school twice a year should be encouraged to go out camping outside the town or the village as the case may be.

An elementary knowledge of physiology and hygiene and of the principles of hygienic habits should be given to pupils according to their age and capacity to absorb these principles. Special school programmes should be devised for this purpose. These are discussed in the Report.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

The Committee recognise the importance of training teachers in physical education. In order to train Deputy Directors, Supervisors and Heads of recognised institutions for controlling diploma examinations in physical training, they suggest that not less than three institutions in each Division should be appointed as Central Recognised Training Schools and should be given grants in order to carry out proper instructions. Grants-in-aid must also be provided for training institutions and recognised schools for play-grounds, akhadas' as' and their maintenance.

The Committee also deal with the conditions governing physical education of girls and observe they are disappointing. Physical education of girls is only found in secondary schools and institutions conducted by foreign agencies on Western lines. Other institutions treat physical education as more or less an ornamental part of the school programme.

The Committee's recommendations in regard to girls include the introduction of Indian exercises and games in the purely Indian girls' schools and the appointment of a Physical Directress for the Presidency. She will be an Indian with experience and will be an 'ex-officio' member of the Board of Physical Education. She is to get the salary and status of the Inspector of a Division. The Directress will be assisted by lady Supervisors, one for each Division. The Supervisors should introduce in all the primary schools of the districts of her Division a suitable scheme of compulsory physical education. A monthly grant of about Rs. 25 is recommended to be given to every recognised institution for boys which would open a class for girls' training in the prescribed courses. The Directress should hold demonstration classes in different centres and conduct physical education propaganda. Government must acquire play-grounds or sanction substantial grants for the acquisition of play-grounds for girls' schools.

The organisation of a new Department like that of Physical Education is a matter of some difficulty particularly when local conditions have to be investigated, new men have to be trained, and a new syllabus has to be evolved. The Committee therefore think that a period of five years will not be too long for the successive stages of their scheme to be introduced.

TOTAL COST RS. 4,73,000.

The total cost of introducing compulsory physical education is estimated at Rs. 4,73,000 in so far as Government is concerned. This is based on the usual ratio of grants made to municipalities and district local boards, as well as on the basis of grants-in-aid to private schools. "It is difficult", says the Committee "for us to stipulate the minimum period within which Government should give full effect to the scheme of introducing compulsory physical training in all the schools in the Presidency. It is upto Government to find the necessary funds as early as possible and meet the popular demand for improving the physique of the coming generation by introducing compulsory physical training in all schools."

AT THE OPERA

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FOLIES BERGERE AND THE MOULIN ROUGE

There was again a large crowd present at the Royal Opera House when the New Banvard Musical Comedy Company appeared in the Folies Bergere and the Moulin Rouge Revue on Friday night. Gorgeous costumes and good scene effects lent colour to the show and a rollicking entertainment provided as amusing an evening as one could desire.

Billy Bray again made a big hit with his humour, while Cherry Wylmot gave a flash of herself in Forty-seven Ginger Headed Sailors, a turn which went very well with the audience.

"Jade" with Edna Ray in the leading role as a danseuse was the prettiest item of the evening.

The lateness of the hour prevents a fuller appreciation, but it would not be out of place to mention that all were in the mood for a good show. Estelle Rose with her daring humour; Thelma Burness with her well-selected songs; Claire Leslie who might have been seen more often on the stage—she deserved to; and last but not least Elsie Stabler and Rita Maitland.

To-night the company will present "Tip-Toes" which will be repeated as a matinee on Sunday.

PITIABLE FATE OF HINDU WIDOWS

—:o:—

KEPT OUT OF HUSBAND'S ESTATE

MR. M. R. JAYKAR URGES DRASTIC REFORM

Under the auspices of the Indian Institute of Bankers Mr. M. R. Jayakar delivered a lecture on the "Rights of Hindu Women in Joint Families" at the Institute Hall on Thursday evening, when Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas presided. The lecturer dwelt at length on some of the anomalies and absurdities in Hindu Law affecting the rights of present day Hindu women and urged the need for drastic reforms in respect of the Law of Inheritance and the Law of Adoption.

The lecturer described the constitution of the Hindu Joint Family and compared it to a great business corporation, which existed for all times irrespective of changes in law and personalities. The most troublesome element in a Hindu Joint Family was the women member of whom there were two kinds, one coming into the family and the other going out of it through marriages. But all female issues born in the family had unfortunately at the present time no rights of inheritance unless they be the sole child of a separated Hindu. If a partition took place all the property would be equally divided among the sons while the daughters were entitled to only bare maintenance until marriage and adequate provision for the marriage ceremony. There her rights stopped.

PITIABLE FATE OF WIDOWS.

Turning to the rights of a widow who happened to be the wife of one of the members in a joint family, Mr. Jayakar said that she was only entitled to maintenance without any absolute right on her husband's share of the family property. Even in the case when her husband left behind large self-acquired property earned as a result of the special education he might have got from the funds of the joint family, the widow was in no way better off. On the contrary the property was enjoyed equally by the other male members of the joint family. However, if the wealth was acquired by a member through some other trade than for which he was educated at the expense of the family fund, the law alowed him to keep the property for himself and his heirs. So, the lecturer continued, if an individual member of a joint family wanted to safeguard the interests of his wife after his death, he should immediately after the marriage declare his intention for partition. Otherwise the fate of the widow was most despicable. Times had changed when feelings of affection were extremely keen on the joint family in which several members lived in perfect peace and happiness.

PILGRIMAGE EXPENSES.

Mr. Jayakar then gave a very pertinent case from his legal experience to illustrate the peculiarity of Hindu law with regard to the rights and privileges of a widok. He was once asked by a solicitor some years ago whether a certain widow would be entitled to charge her pilgrimage expenses to the estate of her deceased husband. When he referred to the various authorities he found that all pilgrimages undertaken for the benefit of her husband's soul were chargeable to the income of the estate while those for her own salvation, were not. In order to save the poor widow the speaker suggested to the solicitor that she should collect the ashes of her husband and deposit it at the various centres she visited so that it could be argued that she undertook the pilgrimages for the benefit of her husband. The solicitor took the hint and won his case.

LAW OF ADOPTION.

There was a time when the status of a Hindu woman was quite different to that of to-day. The earnings made by her, whether by her good looks, self-effort or on account of her skill in the fine arts, were her own by law. But unfortunately this privilege has been altered by a Privy Council decision based on an old text which stated that the first duty of a Hindu widow was to preserve the memory of her lord and to lead an ascetic life for which she needed only a bare maintenance. The speaker could not imagine why the widow or the daughter who might be the only heirs should be discarded for the benefit of some remote male heir of the deceased member.

RIGHTS OF MARRIED WOMEN.

Alluding to the rights of a married woman in a joint family Mr. Jayakar regretted that their attempts to introduce the principle of monogamy were yet unsuccessful. The law of adoption, he said had given rise to considerable litigation in this country. He wanted the law of adoption to be as nearly natural as possible. The present law allowed the adoption of grown up men who were several years older than their adopted mothers when the nearest relations from the daughter's side were not eligible for adoption. He pressed for legislation to include the sons of daughters as eligible for adoption and to fix the age limit at three years. He suggested that all cases of adoption of children above the age of three years should be proscribed by strict statute.

Mr. Jayakar in conclusion appealed to the audience to educate public opinion with regard to these vagaries in Hindu law s that their efforts to remedy the existing injustice to the rights of women might bear fruit in the Legislative Assembly.

HUMILIATING POSITION OF INDIANS IN EAST AFRICA

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Decreed by Law to be Slaves of White Race

INDIAN DEPUTATION ON WAY TO ENGLAND TO SEEK REDRESS

BOMBAY, Aug. 16.

Mr. Biharilal N. Anantani, the Editor of the "Zanzibar Voice", East Africa, who is one of the members of the Indian Deputation sent by the East African Indian National Congress to India with instructions to proceed to England has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"The East African Indian National Congrss sends an influential delegation to India with instructions to proceed to England. Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru, M. L.A., the President of the E. A. I. N. Congress this year, Mr. A. Kaderbhoy, the President of the Indian Association, Mombasa and now of the Segregation case-fame and myself are to join it from India. Mr. Isherdas, the Secretary arrives in Bombay on Saturday, the 17th instant by the S.S. "Karagola." Mr. J. B. Pandya, M.L.C. (Kenya) and the proprietor of the Kenya "Daily Mail," the leader of the Delegation who has immense sacrifice to his credit and Mr. C. P. Dalal of Uganda who are detained in Mombasa for a fortnight on account of the illness of the former are arriving in India by the next mail.

WHAT INDIAN GOVT. CAN DO?

The Congress expects the Government of India, the public institutions of all shades of public opinion, since this is a non-party question, and the press to extend to the delegation co-operation in its activities. Its main object is to educate public opinion in India with regard to the present position of Indians in East Africa and to request the Government of India and the leading citizens in India to depute their representatives along with it to London to place their case before the Colonial office, the Parliament and the British public when the report to be made by Sir Samuel Wilson, the permanent Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies on the Hilton-Young Commission Recommendations is published in September.

SLAVES OF THE WHITE RACE.

Never was there a more critical moment full of danger in the life of the Indian community settled in East Africa before. Apart from the fact of the great and historic pioneering work done by it in East Africa to make the country what it is to-day being ignored, and the help rendered by it in the task of uplifting the natives for centuries being overlooked, its existence as self-respecting citizens of the colony is being threatened to-day by denial to it of common franchise as recommended by the Hilton-Young Commission and of equality of rights in municipalities with regard to land settlement and admission to Civil Service, etc. The recent decision of the Appelate Court, in what is now known as the Segregation case, fought by the Indian community at great sacrifices dubs us as mere helots in East Africa when it lays down the proviso that while we can build bungalows as our properties, we can stay in them only as house-servants of our European tenants.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

The question now being asked by the delegation in India is: how long is the Indian nation going to tolerate this position within what is called the commonwealth of free British Nations? It intends to proceed to England to get the question settled for ever when the Labour Government so well known for its principles of fair-play and equality is in office so far the position of His Majesty's subjects other than white within the Empire is concerned.

The delegation fully recognises the valuable help hitherto rendered by the Government of India to the Indians in East Africa from time to time by the departmental interference. It trusts that it will continue it in a more vigorous manner and will send a deputation to London mainly to be of help when the report by Sir Samuel Wilson is considered and to influence the Colonial Office to issue instructions to drop further appeal to the Privy Council preferred by the Kenya Government in the Segregation Case, and to set aside the proviso in the judgment regarding the residence in the properties acquired by Indians which is nothing short of a deliberate attempt to offer insult to India by assigning to Indians in East Africa an inferior status as a race.

Will it under these circumstances be too much to expect wholehearted support and help by India?—Free Press.

SENT TO G. K. UNION MEETINGS TO CREATE TROUBLE

(Continued from Page 1).

attend meetings of the Red Flag Union and report the speeches made there to Mr. Kubes. I was also to bring to him handbills issued and distributed among the workers.

Q.:—When you attended the meetings nobody recognised you as a C.I.D. of the mill-owners.—No.

Q.:—You went to these meetings alone or accompanied by anbody else?—Ten or fifteen men were given to me and they accompanied me to the meetings. They were paid one rupee each by the Saheb.

Q.:—What was the business of these men at these meetings?—They were to create some trouble at the meetings and to see that they were dispersed.

Asked who the men that accompanied him were witness said they were Mussalmans, but dressed either in dhoti, lungi or trousers.

Q.:—Who issued the Blue Flag handbills?—Mr. Kubes used to distribute them by going about in a motor car.

Q.:—Do you know where these leaflets were stocked?—In the office of the Jacob Sassoon Mill and sometimes they were in the motor car of Kubes.

Shown a chit in English witness said it was issued to him by Kubes and was a pass which enabled him to go to any mill or other place he liked.

HIS WEAPON.

Asked if he was given any weapon witness said that he was given a spring to be used in self-defence. In addition that he was asked to remove his moustache and a false one was given to him. He, however, refused to remove his natural moustache.

Witness continuing stated that he was asked to give evidence before the Riots Inquiry Committee by his saheb but as he refused to give a particular kind of evidence he was dismissed from service.

In reply to question by the Court witness said that he was in the Bombay Police Force for seven years. He was declared unfit for service on medical grounds and he was still receiving pension from the Government.

This closed all evidence in the inquiry. The Court then adjourned to Monday when arguments by both sides will be heard. The proceedings on Monday will be 'in camera.'

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RAJKOT (Kathiawar).

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Fact II By adding Sanatogen to your diet, you add strength to the strength you have—you *improve* your health. Scientific tests have shown that the increase of energy and vitality after only a fortnight's use is considerable (from 15% to 60%).

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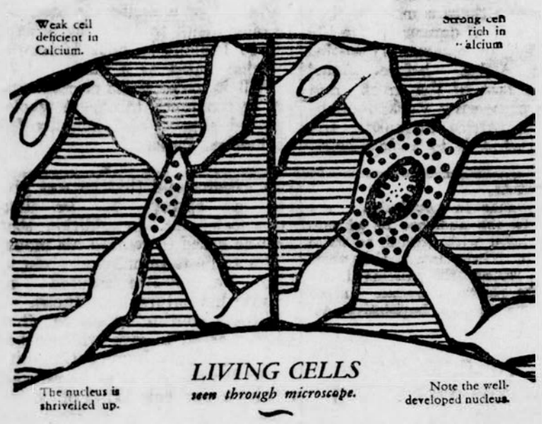
Weak cell deficient in Calcium.
Strong cell rich in Calcium
LIVING CELLS
seen through microscope.
The nucleus is shrivelled up.
Note the well-developed nucleus.

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MONSOON ACTIVE IN U. P. & C. P.

—:o:—

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING

Poona, Aug. 16.

The Chota Nagpur depression is becoming unimportant. The monsoon is active in Bihar and Orissa, United Provinces and Central Provinces.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, United Provinces, Central Provinces, Punjab Hills, Konkan and north Hyderabad and local in Upper Burma Bengal, east Central India and Madras Deccan, while a few falls have occurred in Assam, Gujrat, south east Madras and north Madras coast.

The Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Akyab and Mergui two inches; Amherst one and a half; Sambalpur three, Cherrapunji and Jalpaguri one, Saugor three, Dehra Dun, Mussooree, Chakrata, Jubulpore and Dharampore two, Simla one and a half, Dalhousie one, Mangalore four and Mahabaleshwar one.

Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to decrease in Bihar and Orissa and extend in Assam and east and north Punjab.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely along and near the Punjab and Kumaon Hills during the next thirtysix hours.—A. P.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

—:o:—

August 16

Rainfall at—	Colaba.	Fort.	J. J Hospital.
During 24 hrs. ending 8 a. m.	0·14"	0·30"	0·65'
Total Since 1st June to date	44·21	60·50	48·50
Total for the cor. period '28	61·64	77·29	60 00
Total for the cor. period '27	52·39	65·59	52·01

COLABA OBSERVATORY,

—:o:—

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 16-8-1929.

Barometer (corrected to 32 degrees F.) at 8 a.m. 29.754 inches (.002 below normal)

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours. +019

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.5 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.1 degrees (1.2 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.6 degrees (0.8 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 80 per cent.

Direction of wnd at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 176 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours. 26 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 6

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.14 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 2.68 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 44.90 inches.

Weather Remarks.—Rain.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT

—:o:—

Bombay, August 16.

General Remarks.—The monsoon is active in the United Provinces and the Central Provinces. Rainfall has been nearly general in the United Provinces, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and north Hyderabad and local in the Madras Deccan, while a few falls have occurred in Gujarat, Malabar, southeast Madras and the north Madras Coast. Skies are clear in the west Punjab, upper Sind and Baluchistan, and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the central Punjab, north Baluchistan and parts of the Deccan. The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 102 degree at Lahore.

Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to extend in the east and north Punjab. Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 8 hours on the 16th August 1929.

Station	Rainfall. inches.
Allahabad	0.64
Cawnpore	0.15
Jhansi	0.01
Agra	0.08
Mainpuri	0.17
Jaipur	0.02
Mount Abu	0.11
Deesa	0.01
Veraval	0.03
Surat	0.11
Bhavnagar	0.09
Ahmedabad	0.32
Amraoti	0.07
Hoshangabad	0.19
Saugor	2.78
Jubbulpore	1.75
Nagpur	0.30
Raipur	0.56
Chanda	0.32
Ratnagiri	0.80
Marmugao	0.60
Karwar	0.32
Poona	0.01
Mahabaleshwar	0.96
Nizamabad	0.39
Mangalore	3.55
Cochin	0.02
Cuddapah	0.53
Cocanada	0.02
Vizagapatam	0.04

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH.

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Bombay, Aug. 16.

	Per lb. Rs. As Ps.
KHADI.	
Textile	0 12 0
Century	0 11 9
Jacob	0 11 6
Toyo Potdar	0 12 0
Moon	0 12 0
LONG CLOTH. (full weight 34/40 In.)	
Century 91-1/2 92-1/2	1 0 3
Century 6404-8705	1 0 3
Fazul (Mahal)	1 0 6
Pahlad	0 15 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	1 0 0
Maneckji (Patangia)	0 15 3
Daud Sahib	0 15 3
Ganga Ghat	0 14 6
LONG CLOTH. (Light weight) No. 5202|5303.	Per lb.
Rachael Mill	1 0 9
David	1 0 6
Moon	1 0 6
Phoenix	1 0 6
Dinshaw (Gaumukh)	0 15 0
LONG CLOTH. X Quality.	
Swan Finlay	1 0 0
Gold Mohor	0 15 6
LONG CLOTH. Satin Calender 34-42 In.	
Textile (Hand)	0 15 3
Spring (Merchant)	0 15 3
Century (Bugle)	0 15 0
Applo (Pyala)	0 15 0
Tata Mill (Darji)	0 15 0
Sakuntla	0 15 3
Manekji (Kunda)	0 14 0
Pehlad (Siwala)	0 14 3
Rachael	0 15 0
Dinshaw (Maharaja)	0 14 0
Maher	0 15 3
Kacchwa	0 14 3
Moon	0 14 9
LEPAD.	
Spring	0 15 6
Textile	0 15 6
Century	0 15 6
DHOOTIES. 7 8 9 Yards.	
Spring (Balance)	1 1 3
Jacob	1 1 0
Century	1 1 0
Moon Mill	1 1 0
3732 Moon	1 1 0
3842 Mayer	1 1 0
DHOOTIES. 10 Yards.	
Spring (balance)	1 0 3
Century	1 0 0
Jacob	1 0 0
Moon Mill	1 0 0
	Per Piece.
1386 Tata	2 15 0
GIN COLOURED.	
A 1515 Tulsidas	12 8 0
B 1515 Ratilal	12 12 0
MARKIN JAPAN.	
4488	12 6 0
8383	9 9 0
3810	10 10 0
Yards 120	20 8 0
9898	10 9 0
8015	9 6 0
9797	9 8 0
6300	10 9 0
44000	9 0 0
BLACK CHECK. 5800 Sholapur	9 0 0
SALITA. Century	0 15 3
Spring Merchant	0 15 3
Dukdi yards 12-13-14— Kanta	1 3 0
Phoenix	1 3 0
Framji	1 2 0

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KARACHI, Dated the 13th April, 1929.

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HINDUSTAN REVIEW: THIRTY YEARS AFTER

—:o:—

INTERESTING INCIDENTS OF CURZONION REGIME

—:o:—

(BY MR. SACHCHIDANANDA SINHA, BAR-AT-LAW).

The following are extracts from Mr. Sinha's article in the July number of the "Hindustan Review":—

Amongst so short-lived a people as the present-day educated Indians, it falls to the lot of few publicists to survey, after a lapse of thirty years, the record of periodicals founded by them. It is, therefore, a source of gratification to me that I am privileged to introduce the new monthly series of the "Hindustan Review," three decades after I edited its first issue. The forerunner of this periodical was ushered into existence as the "Kayastha Samachar," in July, 1899, by Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee, who was then Principal of the Kayastha Pathshala College, Allahabad, and who has long since made his mark as a distinguished publicist, as the editor of the "Modern Review," which he founded here in 1907, but which was removed later to Calcutta. Mr. Chatterjee—as befitting a veteran educationist—conducted the "Samachar", which was then the College organ, as a high-class educational magazine, but owing to the pressure of his duties as the Principal of the College, he had to severe his connection with it as editor, at the end of the first year, ending in June, 1900. I was then requested by the then President of the Board of the Trustees of the institution to conduct it in succession to Mr. Chatterjee. I, however, stipulated that I should be given a free hand to conduct it not as an educational magazine, but as a general record and review of Indian progress in all spheres of activities According to this arrangement, I brought out the first issue of a new series in July, 1900, in which the place of honour was assigned (not undeservedly) to a political article on "Sir Antony MacDonald and the United Provinces" from the pen of a rising young publicist, Pandit Tej Bahadur Sapru—he was not even "Dr." at the time—which was followed by a literary contribution of great merit by that eminent lawyer and literateur—the late Dr. Satish Chandra Bannerji, Premchand Roychand scholar, whose premature death, in 1915, was a most irreparable loss to the scholarship and legal learning. There were other good contributions, and also some editorials.

A STRANGE FACT.

Strange as it may sound to-day, there was not in these provinces, at that time, any Indo-English newspaper or periodical except one, the "Advocate" of Lucknow, which used to be ably conducted by a well-known Congressman and publicist—the late Ganga Prasad Varma. The result was that though but a monthly—and that too with a communal nomenclature—the "Samachar" came to supply immediately a long-felt want in these provinces, in particular, and in Upper India in general, of an organ of Indian public opinion as then voiced by the Congress. The first number though very hastily put together and not well-got-up either, was accorded an enthusiastic welcome in the press of the country, which was beyond my most sanguine expectations. The "Tribune" of Lahore—then as now the foremost organ of Indian public opinion in the Punjab—enthused over it in a long leading article headed "From the Caste Unit to the National Whole." The late Mr. Surendra Nath Bannerjee, in the "Bengalee," was equally enthusiastic and complimentary, while the leading organs of Indian public opinion, in the various provinces, vied with one another in their appreciation of each succeeding number, and it was followed in due course by very flattering notices in the leading Anglo-Indian journals, notably the "Pioneer." Thus in less than two years, the "Samachar" had on its list of contributors almost all the distinguished writers and eminent publicists in the country at the time, and a few months before Lord Curzon's Delhi Darbar of 1903, it received to that ceremonial an invitation, being the only monthly invited amongst the many dailies and weeklies. This recognition it had fully earned by reason of its high position in the press of the country, as an exponent of sound and progressive Indian public opinion. In appreciation of this acknowledgment by the Government, the Trustees of the College agreed to my proposal to confer upon it the appropriate and comprehensive designation of the "Hindustan Review," under which it first appeared in January, 1903, and which it has borne since. A year later they transferred to me its goodwill and all proprietory rights in it.

PROGRESS OF "REVIEW."

Since July, 1900, the "Review" continued to be issued from Allahabad till the middle of 1921, when on my appointment as a Member of the Governor's Executive Council in Behar and Orissa, I was called upon to sever my editorial connection with this periodical. Long before that time it had come to be acknowledged, even in Europe and America, as one of the leading periodicals in English, and many European and American books on India had expressed their appreciation of it to that effect. I could not, therefore, make up my mind to stop it, and as no one was willing here to take it over, it was decided to remove it to Calcutta and to place it under the control of Mr. K. C. Mahindra, B.A. (Cantab) of the firm of Messrs. Martin and Co., of that city. Mr. Mahindra, who was an exceptionally qualified gentleman for the task, did his best to keep it up as a monthly, but with his very heavy duties and many engagements, he found it difficult to do so, at the end of the first year. The choice then lay between keeping up the "Review" as a quarterly and stopping it, and naturally the lesser of the two undesirable courses was adopted; and with its issue of October, 1922, it was converted into a quarterly, in which form it continued to appear till last month (June 1929), when it completed its three hundredth number.

PAST INCIDENTS RECALLED.

Recalling to my mind some of the incidents of the last thirty years, during which I have been intimately connected as the editor of the "Hindustan Review," with many phases in the public life of the country, I am struck with the remarkable progress which India has made during this period. In 1900—as against not the dozens and scores but the hundreds who now represent the people in the central and the provincial legislatures—many of them most worthily, with such consummate ability as would do credit to the members of the House of Commons itself—the whole of British India was represented in the then Imperial Legislative Council by but *four* members, all practically elected but technically still "nominated," being nominees of the Governor-General, each representing the non-official members of the legislative councils of Bengal, Behar and Orissa, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Bombay and Madras. These four provincial Legislative Coucils—which were the only ones in existence—had a few more members, but they too were technically nominees of the Governors and the Lieutenant-Governors of these four provinces. The system which then obtained was under Lord Cross's Act passed by Parliament in 1892. The Morley-Minto reforms did not come into force for another ten years. Responsible Government, as a political term applied with reference to India, was unheard of and was beyond the mental horizon of even the most advanced politicians of that time. Nor was "Swaraj" better known or better understood. Till years later, in fact it was taken by the Executive to be synonymous with sedition, while any reference to "independence" or the complete severance of India's connection with the rest of the British Commonwealth, as an element of practical politics, would have given the shock of his life even to so advanced a public man and publicist as, say, the late Mr. Tilak. Mr. Gandhi was practically unknown at the time, though he had attended the Calcutta session of the National Congress, held in 1901, under the presidentship of Mr. (now Sir) Dinshaw Wacha, and non-co-operation as a measure of practical politics was beyond the remotest ken of even the most advanced politicians.

LORD CURZON'S HECTORING

As for the proceedings of the then Councils, the less said the better. There were, of course at the time, no Presidents—non-official or even official—other than the head of the administration of the country or the province, and th espeakers had to be constantly "my lording" "your excellency ing" or "your honouring" them, on pain of incurring their displeasure and also being charged with bad manners. You had to read out your speeches sitting. The Viceroy—as did Lord Curzon on many of the occasions when I was present, in the Imperial Legislature, as a sight-seer—might thump the table violently or even stamp his foot in rage, when giving point and emphasis to the manuscript eloquence which he was inflicting, but not so the poor non-official member, who was expected to be on his best behaviour and to address the Sovereign's august representative with bated breath and in downright whispering humbleness. Lord Curzon not unoften attempted to hector, if not bully, his non-official Indian colleagues into submission in various ways, and he tried this game even with Mr. Gokhale, but gave it up so far as he (Mr. Gokhale) was concerned, as he found it to his cost that the great Indian leader was not inclined to take it lying low. I was present at one of these memorable scenes between Lord Curzon and Mr. Gokhale, in the Calcutta Council Chamber, in the course of one of the debates on the Universities Bill. Now the mere recalling of these few facts—picked up at random from my recollections—will show the vast and varied changes for the better which have come over our public affairs, during the last twenty years, especially since the inauguration of the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms in 1921. Instead of the rather demoralizing and subservience-breathing atmosphere in which public activities had then to be carried on—as if it were on sufferance—we have now our Assembly and the provincial councils with a majority of elected representatives of the people in each of them, in which the popular spokesmen work on equal terms with the members of Government, under the guidance of elected Indian Presidents, the most notable of whom is many esteemed friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Patel, who by his remarkable ability, intense devotion to duty, commendable courage and rare independence, has exalted the dignity of the great office which he so well adorns, and has thereby added a memorable and an enduring chapter of the history of Indian progress in the twentieth century.

MEED OF PRAISE.

It would be needless affectation were I to withhold from the "Hindustan Review," its due for the good work it has done during the fairly long period of thirty years, in popularizing sound political ideas, disseminating healthy opinions on current controversies, stimulating culture through the medium of its Literary Supplement and contributing generally towards India's advancement by methods which are associated with high-class periodicals, journals and newspapers.

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Pandit LEKHRAMJI (of Bhragoo Sanhita) has come to Bombay for stay upto 20th August. He prepares a person's horoscope simply by reading the signs on the palm, and foretells events of the whole life (past, present and future) most accurately. Satisfaction guaranteed. Scores of testimonials from Rajahs and ruling Princes. Consultation hours 8 a.m. to 11 a.m., and 2 to 6 p.m., at Madhavbag Dharamshala, C. P. Tank.

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Grand-mother

Life for Granny has now come to mean joking with the youngsters, going to church and doing needlework. These last two pleasures, though, used to be sadly marred by her rheumatism, which sometimes made it impossible for her to handle her needles or to go out. But all that is changed since

CAFIASPIRIN

came into the house. Not only does it relieve her pains, but its regular use makes the rheumatic attacks less frequent and less severe. And so Granny, who used not to believe in "these modern discoveries" swears by CAFIASPIRIN and calls it "my magic remedy". And the rest of the family think with her, for it relieves their aches and pains too, and helps to keep them fit and well.

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WOMEN CANNOT ALWAYS BE
YOUNG
BUT THEY CAN ALWAYS BE
LOVELY

Too often beauty passes with youth, particularly among the secluded women of India who have little contact with the outer World and do not realise how their sisters in other countries now retain beauty all their lives.

The chief source of beauty lies in the skin, and to keep the skin smooth, soft and clear all that is needed is a little care, and the use of the preparations that years of patient research have perfected and placed at the disposal of women, Oatine Cream and Oatine Snow. Oatine Cream should be gently massaged into the skin for a few minutes every night, and Oatine Snow should be used during the day; it is the duty of all men to teach their women folk this new and simple method of enhancing and preserving their beauty.

Oatine preparations contain no animal matter whatever, and are untouched by hand in the course of manufacture and packing.

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for nightly massage

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for day use.

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Silk Suit	39	0	12	8
English Linen Suit	30	0	12	8
Palm Beach Suit	25	0	12	8
Navy Blue Blazer	24	0	10	0
Fawn Blazer	24	0	10	0
Poplin Suit	20	0	8	0
English Tussore Suit	15	0	7	0
Gray Flannel Trousers	15	0	5	0
Office Suit	10	0	6	0
Office Trousers	3	8	1	8
White Office Shirts	2	12	1	4

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KOLABA WOMEN'S ASSN.

—:o:—

REPORT OF ACTIVITIES

ALIBAG, Aug. 9.

The Kolaba Women's Association was inaugurated on the 22nd June last. It has been working enthusiastically as the monthly report of the Convenors of the Sub-Committee shows. It has also been taking interest in civic matters and working in co-operation with the Municipality, School Board and District Local Board. By its suggestion the School Board passed a resolution to ask the proper authorities for the appointment of a woman supervisor.

The Committee discussed the Dais Registration Bill on 6th July, and sent in some suggestions for changing one or two clauses. The municipal members agreed to the changes suggested.

Gardening Section:—The Gardening Section with Mrs. Moss for the Convenor is doing good work. On Saturday, July 6 and 13, Mr. Deshmukh delivered two lectures on gardening. He spoke of the importance of the vegetables and value of the vitamins which they contained in large quantities.

School Committee:—This Committee with Mrs. Paul as Convenor has been visiting schools and private classes and gathering information for future use and information to be sent in to the All-India Women's Conference. The Committee visited the Municipal Girls' School, a private class conducted by Mrs. Marathe where English is taught by direct method, and the Mission Girls' School and the Elphinstone High School.

Girl Guiding:—There were meetings of the Girl Guides and Blue Birds on the 6th, 13th, 20th and 27th July. The average attendance is 42. This month 2 Patrol Leaders for the Guides with a Patrol of 6 have been appointed. 4 sixers for the Blue Birds each leading her six girls have been chosen.

Social Section:—There was one public meeting to discuss social questions. The Convenor, Mrs. Gupte, made a speech on the evil of the custom of taking "Hunda". Mrs. Marathe, Mrs. Hamid Ali, Miss Dhumatkar, and Mrs. Dandekar who presided at the meeting spoke in favour of abolishing this degrading custom of buying and selling bridegrooms.

Medical Section:—The Medical Section has also been working. A lecture on First Aid was given by Miss Athavle, the Convenor and a Visiting Committee has been visiting the Hospital regularly. A questionnaire has been drawn up to collect information about (1) cases conducted and spoilt by Dais. (2) The class of people who attend the Hospital; and (3) Data about child-mothers below the age of 16.

LEVY OF OCTROI DUTY ON FOREIGN CLOTH

—:o:—

RESOLUTION IN C. P. COUNCIL

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug 13.

Dr. N.B. Khare, M.L.C. has given notice of resolutions which will be moved at the forthcoming meeting of the Central Provinces Legislative Council to be held on the 21st instant and the following days. One of the resolutions recommends to the Government to direct or request the municipalities and district councils in the province that they should impose heavy taxation, in the form of a terminal tax or octroi duty on all goreign cloth (including British) imported into their limits and also to abolish all taxes on hand-spun and hand-woven cloth.

Another resolution recommends the repeal of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 so as to make it lawful for the past members of the Indian legislature, the past and present members of the provincial legislative councils, every person assessed to income-tax, past and present presidents and vice-presidents of the municipal committees or district boards, every graduate of any university to possess, carry and use all kinds of guns, rifles, revolvers and all kinds of swords, on payment of settled license fees.

Another resolution recommends to the Government that all liquor shops within the limits of the Nagpur City Municipality, should be forthwith closed while a sum of Rs 50,000 should be granted to the tuberculosis sanatorium to be established at Betul

SANSKRIT SCHOLAR DEAD.

Mahamahopadhyaya Rao Bahadur Sadashiv Jairam Dehadrai, passed away on Sunday night after a month's illness. The late Rao Bahadur was a scholar in Sanskrit and was connected with the Nagpur University since its very inception. By his death a man of great learning has been removed from the Central Provinces and Berar.

The first forecast of the cotton crop of the C.P. and Berar for the season 1929-30 states that the current year's estimated area in the C.P. is greater than the actual area of 1928-29 by 7 per cent. This is ascribed partly to favourable conditions at sowing time, and partly to the failure of the rabi crops last year which has caused some change over to kharif crops. In Berar the fall is slight. The condition of the crop is good and prospects are promising.

GLEANINGS FROM URDU PRESS

—:o:—

WAR ON MULLAHS

The next session of the Legislative Council of Bhopal will commence from the 21st September next. The first three days will be devoted to resolutions and the Bills will come under consideration on the 25th, 26th and 28th September.—("Jarida-e-Bhopal.")

His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal has sanctioned the following increments to the salaries of the following officials of the State in view of their meritorious services:—

Rs. 200 per mensem to Khan Bahadur Maulvi Muhammad Hasan Khan, Secretary, Finance Dept.

Rs 100 per mensem to Munshi Wazir Ahmad Commissioner, Excise Department.

Rs. 100 per mensen to Munshi Saiyed Nazir Husain. "Jareda-e-Bhopal."

WAR ON MULLAHS

Maulavi Abdul Razzaq writes in "Zamindar" an article in which he suggests that Arabic Schools should be closed throughout India on the ground that they produce such Maulavis as make Afghanistan a slave country and dethrone a King of Amanullah's type. He then concludes his article as follows:—On mature consideration I have arrived at this conclusion that the two great weapons by means of which the Maulavis defeat their opponents and rule over the hearts of the people, are the turban and the beard. Their turbans are of a peculiar shape just as their beards have a particular stamp. The ignorant masses bow their heads before them as soon as they see them. Therefore the first thing which should be done is that both these weapons should be torn asunder. The best way of achieving this object is that really learned Ulema should temporarily give up the use of their turbans and get their beards shaven. They should at the same time bring home this fact to the masses that a man does not become an "Alim" y simply wearing a turban and by keeping a beard. These are not the signs of holiness. If this movement is vigorously carried on then it is to be hoped that the Musalmans will be freed from the clutches of the Maulavis. I know that this work cannot be carried out by Ulemas who are far-advanced in age. But my appeal is addressed to young Ulema for it is certain, that they will be fully prepared to make this great sacrifice. And it is no doubt a great sacrifice, for so far as the masses are concerned, they will stop kissing their hands. I myself loved my beardso much so that in Egypt where the beard has become the exclusive property of the Jews, I never got myself shaven. But today I declare that for one year I shall continue shaving my beard and I appeal to the young Ulemas to do the same.—("Al-Jamiyat").

"Hilal", a newly started daily paper of Bombay, gives details of the pro-Bachcha editor who was assaulted at Peshawar by the pro-Amanullan party. The paper writes:—"The editor's name is Shafi Ahmad. He does not know a word of English but he always writes Ph. D. after his name. He claims to be the editor of several papers which are all defunct now. Some time ago he had been to Bombay and then I had occasion to meet him. His papers have been nothing more than rags. He had gone from Delhi to Peshawar in order to express his sympathies to Bachcha's agent there."

"Paris" of Lahore writes:—It is fortunate for the country that Khwaja Hasan Nizami who was looked upon as an enemy of Hindu-Muslim unity, has joined the Congress. May he and his disciples be able to render service to the country!

"Millat" complains that pickpockets are now-a-days found in large numbers in Delhi. Only recently a man took out notes to the value of Rs. 170 from the pocket of a gentleman at the Imperial Bank. The people saw this and after belabouring him well, handed him over to the Police.

Miss Shamshad of Delhi will shortly be going to Europe and America. Before doing so, she will first entertain the theatre-going public of India with her music.—("Bande Mataram.")

In the course of a lengthy article on Afghanistan "Inquilab" writes.—"A young man of Amritsar who has recently come back from Afghanistan states that although Bachchaq, Saqqa calls himself a servant of religion, yet he is a debauchee, and his misdeeds are an insult to Islam."

In the course of an interview granted by ex-King Ali, son of Sharif Husain, to a representative of "Al-Ahram", the ex-King Ali paid a glowing tribute to the Sultan of Najd and admitted that there was no greater statesman in Najd than Sultan Ibn Saud—("Millat.")

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CATHOLIC STUDENTS' UNION

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The recent news reported in your columns regarding the meaningless, deliberate and wanton insult against Mr. Joachim Alva by a few disgruntled members of the Catholic Students' Union, when they proposed to have a debate with the Muslim Students' Union, brings to the fore the question of national politics being distasteful to rank communalists. It is a well-known fact that Mr. Alva is the only Catholic member of the Bombay Youth League, though there are hundreds of other Catholic youths in the City of Bombay, who are merely basking in the sunshine of communal activities. Mr. Alva's active membership of the Bombay Youth League was an eye-sore to these young communal zealots and they have more than one occasion indirectly and secretly tried to oust him from the Catholic Students' Union. Though a promise was made to him by the responsible officers of the Union that "he would be co-opted as a member of the Managing Committee of the Union, *for distinguished services to the cause of the Union,*" he has been studiously kept out, on the score that "his Youth League politics would frighten away the senior and more respectable men among the Catholics of Bombay." That again, the Muslim Students' Union should have so spontaneously and generously invited Mr. Joachim Alva to preside at the debate could not be brooked under any circumstances by the self-appointed leaders of the Catholic youths; and they determined not to have him as President of the debate at the Marina Mansions, Chowpatty. But they did not have the good sense and grace to appreciate such an honour conferred by representative non-Catholics, like the members and officials of the Muslim Students' Union, upon quite a young man like Mr. Alva. The earlier the self-styled leaders of the Catholic Students' Union know that the members of the Muslim Students' Union speak with great authority and are more representative of their own Muslim youths than what the former are of the community of Catholic youths, the better it would be and immediately help us to cast off the fatal delusion.

What has been the crime of Mr. Alva that he should have been so loathsome to the few members of the Catholic Students' Union so as to be thrown out of the chair of the debate? The long and short of it is, that these very members and officials of the Catholic Students' Union have short memories. They have clean forgotten the services rendered by Mr. Joachim Alva to the cause of the Union by braving an expulsion from St. Xavier's College and for winning admiration and esteem from the Parsee, Hindu and Muslim students for the Catholic students, by his strongly urging that the barred and bolted doors of the Catholic Students' Union be opened to their non-Catholic friends, on their festive occasions. This was merely to respond to the repeated invitations of hospitality manifested towards the Catholic students by the all the three important sections of the non-Catholic students, in St. Xavier's College. And after Mr. Alva was expelled, the Catholic Students' Union did not even raise a finger of protect against the autocratic action of Father Duhr but buried their heads like ostriches before the tumult of sand storm. It was left to a cosmopolitan and popular institution like the Bombay Students' Brotherhood to raise its voice of protest and the Managing Committee at least demanded an explanation of Father Duhr for expelling Mr. Alva so peremptorily. It would not be much to state here that Mr. Joachim Alva was almost a martyr to the cause of communal unity among the young students by his tyrannical expulsion from St. Xavier's College.

It would be worth while to inquire as to how many members there are on the rolls of the Catholic Students' Union and as to how many East Indian and Mangalorean Catholic student-members are also on the rolls. The enquiry would give an astonishing reply; for over ninety five per cent. of the members are Goans with hardly five lady-students as members, for all the mass of the lady-students have nothing to do with this Union and yet these members arrogate to themselves the name of the "Catholic Students' Union" and masquerade under the pompous name. It is a packed body, zealously keeping out the "intruders and outsiders."

It is fruitless to go further in the matter but suffice here to say that the tactics and methods of the Catholic Students' Union stand exposed and have discredited their cause which is proved by the fact that many of us have boycotted the Annual Social Gathering of the Union which is coming on Saturday the 17th instant at the C. J Hall, as a protest against the utterly unworthy treatment meted out to Mr. Joachim Alva. Whilst the solid backing to a man held out by the Muslim students in favour of Mr. Alva stands forth in most refreshing contrast. It would be a matter for the Archbishop of Bombay to consider whether he could really be the Patron of such an institution. A thorough reversal of such policy alone would inspire confidence for the future.—Yours, etc.

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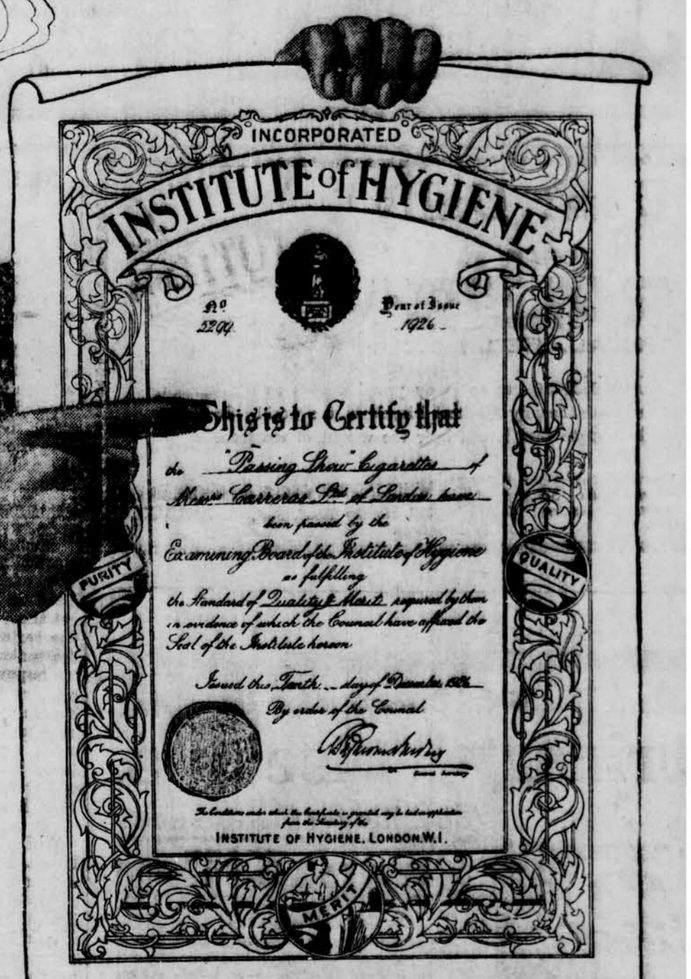
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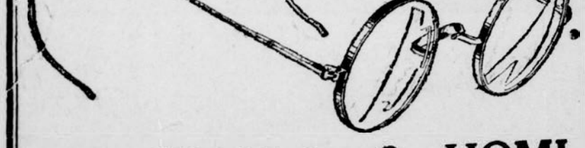
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NEEDS OF THE INDIAN VILLAGE

(Continued from page 8)

was not done malaria and humanity would have to leave India at one and the same time.

Dr. Mann admitted the truth of my statement and added that if science worked in this line and exerted, there would be found other modes for getting considerably more rain water absorbed in the soil and remaining for use during the dry season.

STORING UP RAIN WATER.

The tanks in Aundh were always a boon to the place and lands in a considerable area around. I used to take particular care to get them filled in at the advent of the earliest stormy rains. With the tanks full, the place used to be happy. If accidentally they ran dry the resulting misery and hardship were unbearable. One huge tank there, was allowed to break down and silt up in past days. The area has been filled up and converted into a garden. This has done no good.

While in charge of Salsette in Thana I regretted the silting up and drying of many lovely and huge tanks which benefited garden cultivation and the industry of rearing ducks and geese. Both these industries are now declining and thus bringing disaster in agricultural prosperity.

Let science wake up and take the work in hand when it suits the professors of it. Investigators and inventors in science must be afforded their own time, or else, if they are hurried and consequently worried, they will do nothing. Let us take immediately in hand what lies in the power of us lay people. Let us concert measures to have our collections of water restored and new collections formed as early as possible.

SUPPLY OF DRINKING WATER.

And then comes the question of water supply needed for drinking and other domestic purposes in villages. Few in the higher spheres of life can realise the difficulties and misery a village woman suffers in getting this element most essential for existence. To gauge the misery involved, a short visit to a few Indian villages, especially on river banks, will suffice. A village on the Tapti river or the Krishna river will prove typically illustrative. The patient women walking through burning sand and also laboriously climbing a steep rocky or muddy bank with a huge pot or two full of water on their heads and a baby on the left hip, drowsy with opium and ready to drop down at any moment, is a sight not easily to be forgotten. During floods there are slippery banks too treacherous to stand upon with gaping crocodiles ready to welcome men and women in their terrible jaws as soon as they slip into the muddy and turbid waters below. A type of such a village is Hosur in the Aundh State near Bijapur. Another is Galagala in the same State with a rocky and almost perpendicular bank to ascend. There are numerous such places and there are thousands of places where the drinking water supply has to be brought from wells and pools not less than a mile from the village site. More than half the time of millions and millions of agricultural housewives and girls in India is lost in getting the drinking and other supply of water for domestic use. In such circumstances how can we expect them to be busy with cottage industries to supplement their agricultural incomes and thus secure more home comforts and an ability to pay land revenue with ease? We expect them besides to look after the bringing up of children in a way to fit them for higher freer and better existence in future. In the circumstances as they are, we are hoping for impossibilities. So far, we have done practically nothing to ameliorate this seriously miserable lot of the agricultural women of India. To expect to achieve village uplift for prosperous incomes and easy payment of land revenue, is impossible without making drinking and other supply of water ready available at hand at every place in India. Both Government and the Society will have to make a serious move in the matter. Our motor car and racing luxuries are a sin against society so long as we callously see this brave womanhood, the back-bone and strength of India, in a plight too pitiable to think of.

The means and measures for the Herculean tasks will form the subject for the next article.

(To Be Continued.)

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THE PROBLEM OF BRITISH GUIANA

(Continued from Page 8)

climate of the world, but Brazil which is still entirely under-populated, lies in the tropics. Some people have estimated that it can easily maintain between five and six hundred million people, though at the present time it is only occupied by some wandering savage tribes who live by hunting and do not cultivate the soil.

For 20 years past I have been closely studying the vital problem of Greater India. India cannot possibly go on increasing at its present rate without some outlet for its huge population. The neighbouring areas of Assam, Burma, Malaya, and Ceylon have now become almost full. The possibility of expansion in North Australia is a very doubtful one. There are also reasons to think that the Euphrates Valley will hardly be likely in the future to support an immense Indian population; though that area must be kept in the main reckoning, East Africa appears to afford little likelihood for large Indian expansion; therefore, the regions of the world to which the races of Asia must look are very limited.

JAPANESE ENTERPRISE.

It is doubly interesting to note that Japan which is a country of marvellous foresight has already begun to send its emigrants to Brazil under the most careful supervision and direction. I believe that it is true that newly awakened China will do the same. It is not at all unlikely in far future that India may find British Guiana to be a stepping stone into the interior of South America. The steamship connection between India and British Guiana is likely to become more regular, and the fact that emigrants from India could become acclimatized to South American conditions and South American climate in British Guiana and thus advance Southward into Brazil would be all to the good; especially because the language difficulty of Spanish or Portuguese which is the language spoken in Brazil, would be a serious handicap to Indian emigrants on their arrival.

A GREAT BIOLOGIST

SIR EDWIN RAY LANKESTER DEAD

LONDON, Aug 16

Sir Ray Lankester the well-known scientist, died in London this morning after a long illness. He was in his eighty-third year.—British Official Wireless.

Sir Edwin Ray Lankester, F.R.S., yhose death is reported at the ripe age of 83 was a great biologist, and one of the most popular of British scientists owing chiefly to his successful presentation of scientific subjects in a popular form.

At the age of twenty-one he took his degree and University prizes fell thick upon him until the Radcliffe Traveling Fellowship sent him abroad to study under biologists and Zoologists of Continental reputation. At the age of 25 he was elected to a fellowship at Exeter College, Oxford, and two years later he was appointed Professor of Zoology and Comparative Anatomy at University College, which appointment he held till 1890, when he returned to Oxford as Linacre Professor of comparative anatomy (1891-98.) From 1898 to 1907 he was director of the natural history department of the British Museum and also held up to 1900 the Fullerian professorship of physiology and comparative anatomy at the Royal Institution, London.

Among his later achievements were the famous Marine Laboratory at Plymouth which received £20,000 from the British Treasury for investigating the contents of the North Sea, the Chairmanship of the Tropical Diseases Committee which sent several missions to Africa, and the editorship of the "Quarterly Journal of Microscopical Sciences." He did valuable research work on the comparative structure of animals, both living and extinct.

He was elected F.R.S. in 1875 when he was 28 years of age and was awarded the Royal Medal in 1885 and the Copley Medal in 1913. In 1884 he founded the Marine Biological Association becoming its President in 1892. He was a member of numerous foreign scientific societies. He was awarded the K.C.B. in 1907. His numerous publications include "Comparative Longevity" (1871), "Degeneration" (1880), several editions of "Science from an Easy Chair" (1908, 1910 1912) "Diversions of a Naturalist" (1915), "Science and Education" (1919), "Secrets of Earth and Sea" (1920) and "Great and Small Things" (1923).

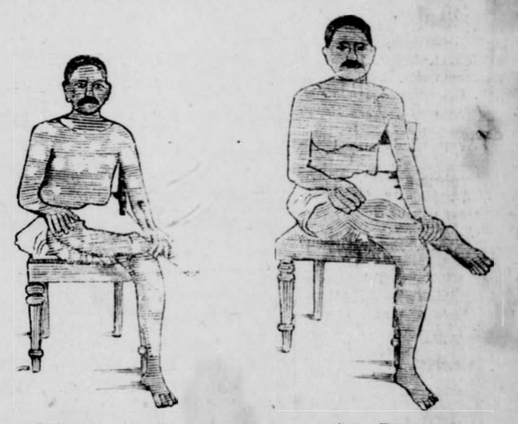
GURKHA-PATHAN AFFRAY

INQUEST ON VICTIM'S DEATH

The police have arrested four persons in connection with the riot which took place on the night of the 5th instant between some Gurkhas and Pathans at the junction of Abdul Rehman Street and Masjid Road. The suspects, Hematsing Pansing, Etram Bhanbir, Jesabir Harde and Alamkhan, were placed before the Coroner when inquest was resumed touching the death of Kersing Jeram, a Gurkha who had received a tabwound on the heart and died he next day in the J. J. Hospital.

Keshav Vishram, a police constable, said that at about 10-15 p.m. when he was on duty near the Imperial Bank he saw two Pathans being chased by four Gurkhas from Mambadevi. The Pathans complained that the Gurkhas were assaulting them while the Gurkhas replied that the Pathans were assaulting them. In the meantime more Pathans came from Abdul Rehman Street and eight to ten Gurkhas also came from the opposite direction. A free fight then ensued and two Gurkhas used their Kukris. A telephone message to the Princess Street and Pydhoni police stations brought an armed police force and the combatants ran away in different directions. The two Pathans arrested on the spot are still lying in the hospital. Suspect Nos. 1, 2 and 3 were among those who had chased the Pathans.

The jury returned a verdict of death by stab wound on the heart sustained in the riot in which the suspects took part.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TRADE & FINANCE

Improved Tone in Money Market

TREASURY BILLS TO REDUCE PLETHORA OF FUNDS

FIRMER CONDITIONS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Money market displayed improved tone with call rate 1 to 2 per cent. Trade demand shows an increase of Rs. 45 lakhs.

Six months treasury Bills for Rs. 2 crores will reduce somewhat the present plethora of funds. Cash Balance of the Imperial Bank shows a decline of Rs. 87.46 lacs.

Gilt-edged market ruled steady with more interest in 3-1/2 per cent. paper and 5 per cent 1945-55 Bonds. Both scrips command premium over forward contracts.

Gold market remained featureless with a slack demand with spot prices Rs. 21-6-6 per tola. Silver market was dull but showed some improvement to-day Stocks on hand are 2500 bars.

Firmer conditions characterised the Stock Exchange with large business in Fazal shares. Hydro-electric group was the centre of activity with a phenomenal rise.

MONEY.

A somewhat improved tone prevailed in the money market during the week with call funds placed at 1 to 2 per cent. The trade demand shows a small increase of about Rs. 45 lacs owing largely to payment for treasury bills bought by the market. It is interesting to note that with the exception of the week ending 21st June, when the new loan was issued, the trade demand has fallen continuously from the middle April until this week. The total amount to date exceeds Rs. 27 crores. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 2 per cent., two months 2-1/2 per cent., three months 3 per cent. and six months 4 per cent.

TREASURY BILLS.

The announcement by Government of 6 months' treasury bills for Rs. 2 crores was welcomed by the market as providing an opportunity for investment; furthermore it will reduce to a certain extent the present plethora of funds. It is generally felt, however, that if the bank rate is to be made effective, Government would do well to offer three months' bills along with 6 months', since the latter do not attract exchange banks, as these mature only after the middle of February. It is unnecessary to point out that the continued issue of treasuries combined with the approach of the Jute season in Calcutta will have a salutary effect on the money market and will also considerably assist Government in their remittances to the Home Treasury.

There was a small influx of gold into the Bank of England followed, however, with a withdrawal of £1,079,000. The Bank of England discount rate is unchanged at 5-1/2 per cent

IMPERIAL BANK.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 9th August shows a decline of Rs. 87.46 lacs in the Cash balance now standing at Rs. 31,27,77,000 as against Rs. 21.34 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 37.20, a decrease of 0.16 per cent. under last week. Loans, and Cash credits are down by Rs. 30.62 lacs and 93.55 lacs respectively, while Inland bills discounted are up by Rs. 30.61 lacs. Government deposits have fallen by Rs. 47.70 lacs to Rs. 11.32 crores and other deposits by Rs. 150.52 lacs to Rs. 72.03 crores. The Bank rate stands unchanged at 5 per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKET

The gilt-edged market ruled fairly steady with especial interest centered in 3-1/2 per cent. Paper and 5 per cent. 1945-55 Bonds. Owing to heavy short sales in both these scrips, ready delivery commanded a premium of 6 annas in the first instance and about 3 annas in the second. The market for other scrips remained dull. 3-1/2 per cent. Paper improved to Rs. 68-7 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 Loan to Rs. 102-6, while 1935 and 1933 Loans kept unchanged at Rs. 98 and Rs. 100-12. 6 per cent. Bonds due 1930, 1931 and 1932 remained at last week's level of Rs. 101-9, 102-9 and 103-9. 6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan declined to Rs. 107. 4 per cent 1969-70 Loan steadied to Rs. 77-12, while 1934-37 Bonds were unmoved at Rs. 90-10. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 Loan was placed at Rs. 90 and 1934 Bonds at Rs. 96-2. 5 per cent. 1939-44 Loan is quoted at Rs. 96-5.

We understand that the Bombay Municipality has accepted tenders of the face value of about Rs. 77.87 lacs at the average rate of Rs. 87.14 per cent., including Rs. 17.87 lacs purchased out of their own funds at the average rate.

CURRENCY RETURNS.

The currency return of the 7th instant shows a small increase of Rs. 22.92 lacs in note circulation to Rs. 185.94 crores. Silver coins have similarly increased by a like amount to Rs. 104.04 crores, while gold coin and bullion and silver bullion under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 32.21 crores and Rs. 4.62 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 75.76 as against 75.73 a week ago.

It is reported that Government have contracted currency to the extent of Rs. 2 crores against ad hoc securities.

EXCHANGE.

After opening quiet, the rates of sterling exchange rallied somewhat on the announcement of six months' treasuries and their results. Sellers of ready T.T quoted 1s. 5-25/32d., but there are no buyers under 1s. 5-13/16d. Should the banks be able to find employment for their surplus funds, exchange rates would improve. Forward deliveries, however, still remain easier owing probably to the somewhat serious turn that the jute mill strike has taken. Some export bills were placed in the principal markets, while the enquiry for remittances still continues on a restricted scale. In the forward market the following are obtained:—August 1s. 5-25/32d., September 1s. 5-13/16d. to 27/32d. October 1s. 5-7/8d. to 29/32d. November 1s. 5-15/16d., December 1s. 5-31/32d.; January 1s. 6d. February 1s. 5-31/32d. and March 1s. 5-15/16d.

The dollar sterling quotation kept steady at doll. 4.84-13/16 during the week. French francs are quoted at 123.95, while the Belga and the Italian lira were unchanged at 34.87 and 92.75 respectively.

WHEAT FORECAST.

The following is the All-India final wheat forecast for 1928-29:

Area sown ...	32,011,000 acres
Production of wheat	8,507,000 tons.

GOLD.

The gold market remained featureless throughout with both the offtake and stocks unchanged from last week. The former amounts to about 8,000 tolas a day and the latter stands at 1-1/2 lacs tolas. The demand has slackened to such an extent that even the low rates of sterling exchange leave prices unaffected, ready being quoted at Rs. 21-6-6 per tola. Sovereigns are quoted at Rs. 13/8/6 both for ready and delivery 16th September. In London the price of gold was unchanged at 84s. 11-1/2d. except for one day when it went down to 84s. 11-3/8d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-6-9 and Rs. 21-6-6 for ready and 21st August settlement and Rs. 21-7-0 and Rs. 21-6-9 for 19th September settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £10,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £35,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 13,98,590 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £15,000.

SILVER.

Silver was a very dull market this week and prices were almost stationary. Ready moved with the narrow compass of Rs. 55-8 and Rs. 55-11 per 100 tolas. Fluctuations in the Shanghai tael were insignificant, the highest rate being 2s. 4-11/16d. and the lowest 2s. 4-1/2d. America and China Banks took little interest, and inter-bazar trading was also on a restricted scale. The daily offtake averages some 125 bars and stocks on hand amount to about 2,500 bars. In London the highest and lowest rates were 24-5/16d. and 24-3/16d. for ready and 24-7/16d. and 24-5/16d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 55-11 and Rs. 55-8 for ready, Rs. 55-10 and Rs. 55-7 for 26th August settlement and Rs. 55-11 and Rs. 55-8 for 23rd September settlement. The incoming mail is expected £15,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £360,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 1219 bars and Rs 10,000 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £25,000 for Calcutta account.

SHARES.

Firmer conditions characterised the Stock Exchange this week and a fair amount of business was transacted. Prices in the cotton mill group advanced during the early part of the week, followed however by a small reaction towards the close on profit taking. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 777/8—780—763/12; Century Rs. 346/4—338/12; Central India Rs. 482/8—487/8—483/12; Crescent Rs. 105—106/4—100; Fazulbhoy Rs. 596/4—628/12—595—596/4; Indian Bleaching Rs. 147/8—152/8—146/4—148/12; Indore Malwa Rs. 380—381/4—377/8—381/4; Kohinoor Rs. 196/4—198/12—187/8; New Great Rs. 188/12—190—180; Pearls Rs. 368/12-373/12—358/12; Simplex Rs. 55—50; and Swadeshi Rs. 426/4—410.

The miscellaneous group was the centre of great activity with a phenomenal rise in the price of hydro-electric group. Tata Hydros improved from Rs. 1112/8 to Rs. 1245 and Tata Power Ordys. from Rs. 490 to Rs. 632/8 on the reported transfer of the agency to a well-known American concern. The closing rates were Rs. 1237/8 and Rs. 610 respectively. Tata Steels commanded better prices, Ordys. rising from Rs. 59/8 to Rs. 61 and Defds. from Rs. 220/10 to Rs. 228/12, but closed at Rs. 222/8. Andhra Valleys after advancing from Rs. 607/8 to Rs. 660 closed at Rs. 607/8. Alcocks kept steady at Rs. 310. Bombay Burma shares gained about Rs. 10 to Rs. 747/8 and Bombay Trams improved from Rs. 133/12 to Rs. 135. Bombay Steams were quiet at Rs. 200 and Scindias at Rs. 9/11. Bundi Cements eased slightly from Rs. 19/10 to Rs. 18/8 and Indian Cements from Rs. 290 to Rs. 285. Katni Ordys declined from Rs. 230 to Rs. 210 while Defds. went into ex-dividend at Rs. 775. Among railway shares, Ahmd. Prantij gained from Rs. 780 to Rs. 792/8. Amritsar Patti are quoted at Rs. 115, Gujarat at Rs. 77 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 652/8.

Imperial Bank shares improved from Rs. 1382/8 to Rs. 1392/8 and Contributories from Rs. 340 to Rs. 345. Bank of India shares were steady at Rs. 1007/4 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 18/8.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

The Yarn market has continued weak and irregular during the week with a downward tendency in sympathy with decline in Cotton and owing to absence of satisfactory demand during the last few days. After the the first American Bureau Report was issued, there has been a loss of confidence amongst the buyers in the local market and it has considerably affected the sales of yarns in particular. The demand from up-country Districts has been very slack and the prices offered are much too low. Reports on monsoon are not satisfactory in all parts of the country and whereas some parts have been suffering from the absence of satisfactory rains, some have been affected by the excess of rains. This matter has also been causing anxiety amongst the dealers who prefer to wait and watch further development. The Mill Strike situation has been showing gradual improvement and it is expected that the improvement will continue in the course of the next few days. Increasing production of yarns in the Bombay Mills at a time when the demand is very slack and the future tendency is uncertain, has naturally made buyers very cautious and the buying is only in small quantities and for immediate requirements.

English Yarns: Manchester prices have been irregular and subject to Strike whereas buyers in India are not prepared to effect purchases on these basis. Hopes have been entertained in Manchester for the early termination of the strike. Spot prices remain unchanged with moderate demand.

Japanese Yarns: The turnover in this class of yarns is comparatively better than in others but the prices are more inclined to decline. But for the very firm Japanese Exchange prices should have considerably declined alround in sympathy with cotton. Fresh forward business has been very small inasmuch as dealers do not show any inclination to make forward purchases in big quantities.

Artificial Silk Yarns: The improvement reported in our last has continued further and whilst dealers have been quoting higher prices the buying is naturally checked on account of rapid rise in prices during the last few days. Manufacturers have been reported to be firm and therefore the tendency is distinctly more hopeful.

Indian Yarns: As usual during monsoon, demand has continued to remain very slack and buying orders have been few. The local Commission Agents have been experiencing bad times on account of very small orders on their books. It is also believed that the up-country Mills have been meeting the requirements of the buyers at reasonable prices which give them fairly satisfactory margin, and as a result demand for Bombay Mill yarns has considerably fallen off.

In any case owing to uncertain tendency of the Cotton market during the next few weeks the Yarn market is likely to remain irregular and we do not expect any definite improvement for sometime to come.

WEEKLY COAL REPORT.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Since our last report, the market remains unchanged, there being no local inquiry.

Freight market is steady, but there is no inquiay for September tonnage.

S. S. Derbyshire was discharging the Coal during the week under report.

Steamers expected to arrive with Coal cargo.

19-8-29 s.s. Arabistan Gaslitan & Samla Coal Choonilal Harilal & Co.
20-8-29 s.s. Mahout Bengal Coal Mackinnon Mackenzi & Co.
26-8-29 s.s. Greleden Lodna Steam Coal Choonilal Girdharlal & Co.
29-8-29 s.s. Westbury Desh./Seeb. Poniati Andrew Yule & Co.
12-8-29 s.s. Jaladuta Desh/Seeb. Poniati Andrew Yule and Co.

Quality	C.I.F. Rs.	Ex-Scales Darukhana Rs.
Deshargarh Steam Coal	16/-	18/-
Deshargarh Seebpore Poniati	15/8	17/8
Lodna Steam Coal	15/12	17/12
Gaslitan Steam Coal	15/6	17/4
Samla Steam Coal	15/-	16/12

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, August 16.

Our Market has ruled weak to-day both in respect of Ready as well as forward position with the following closing quotations:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 12/14 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 7/12 per cwt. F. B. H.
S.S Rajput Rs. 7/11 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment July Rs. 7/11 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment (Aug/Sept. Rs 7/13/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Oct/Dec. Rs. 7/15/0 per cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Jan/Mar. Rs. 8/2/6 per cwt. F. B. H.
Tone:—Easy.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

We have nothing but a quiet market to report during the week with further arrivals and weak holders being anxious sellers invoices for ready Sugars were sold at Rs. 7-11-0 F. B. H. terms. Forward positions were not in demand and small quantity changed hands for August/September at Rs 7-14-0 to 7/13/0, October/December at Rs. 8/1/0 to 8/0/0 and January/March at Rs. 8-3-6 to Rs. 8-3-0 all Free Bombay Harbour terms. There was no fresh business to report. There was good enquiry for Kathiawar Ports and most of the business done was diversion of Bombay sales to Kathiawar. Java reported a quict but steady market during the week with small business passing. Karachi and Calcutta were reported easier with large arrivals and small business done. American Terminals reported highest on the 9th inst. quoting 2.07, 2.18, and 2.24 for September-December and March and lowest on the 13th inst. quoting 1.97, 2.10 2.20 for same positions.

London Terminals reported highest on the 10th inst quoting 10s. 6 3/4d. 10s. 14d. and 10s. 9d for August, October and December and reported lowest on the 14th inst. quoting 10s. 2/4, 10s 1/2d, and 10s. 11/4d. for same positions.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

TMO Ready Rs. 12/15/0 eq 11/8 F B Harbour. Stocks 150,000 bags.
TMO Oct/Decr Rs. 8 eq. 12s. 11s. 0d. F B Harbour.
TMD Oct/Decr. Rs. 8 eq. 12s. F B Harbour.
TMO Jan/March Rs. 8-3-0 eq. 12s. 2d. F B Harbour.
Brit. Refined Ready Rs. 12-8-0 Stocks 10,000 bags.
Arrivals:— —
S.S. Arabia with 55,000 bags Java Sugars.
S.S Rajput with 77,500 bags Java Sugar.

ALL-INDIA WHEAT FORECAST

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Messrs. Thos Smith and Co. have issued the following report:

The Government have issued the All-India Final Wheat Forecast:—

Area Sown	1928/29:	32,011,000 acres:
	1927/28.	31,855,000 acres
Production of Wheat	1928/29:	8,507,000 Tons;
	1927/28:	7,736,000 Tons.

OVERSEAS MARKET.

Our Liverpool friends' write as under:—

The future of the market now seems to be largely dependent on the news from Australia, and perhaps more important still, the news from the River Plate. This country still has some 10 millions quarters to export before the next crop is available.

The feature of the market has been the sensational reports continuing to come to hand regarding crop deterioration in the United States North-west and Canada, together with a continuation of droughty weather in Australia and in the River Plate. At the same time, the large receipts in the United States of Winter and Spring wheat must not be overlooked. Crops in Europe are satisfactory up to the present, although the German crop is not likely to be as large as last year.

Again we must draw attention to the fact that there is admittedly no shortage of wheat in view of the big reserves in North America and there is still a considerable quantity of wheat for disposal in the River Plate, together with some moderate quantity in Australia and the actual quantity afloat, but in the conclusion we feel that the damage already occasioned, and likely to be caused unless rains are received in the exporting countries of the Southern Hemisphere, justifies the purchases of wheat only on substantial declines and as regards the European crops much depends on the weather during the harvesting period.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Castorseeds May Delivery: Opening Rs. 49/14/6. Highest Rs 50/5. Closing Rs 50/4.

Groundnut Seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 54/10; Highest Rs. 54/14; Closing Rs 54/11.

BOMBAY WEEKLY STATISTICS.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD.

Receipts for week ending 15th Aug.

	1929. Bales.	1928. Bales.
Bengals	1339	101
Oomras	4984	2050
Dholleras	1620	344
Broach	242	.....
Southerns	6740	1386
Persians	.....	204
Americans	225	80
Egyptians	.....	.....
E. Africans	532	100
Other Sorts	.....	.....
Total	15682	4265

Exports for week ending 15th Aug.

United Kingdom	...
Continent	10268
China	2329
Japan	12999
Coast Ports	2119
Total	27706

AFLOAT IN HARBOUR.

Europe	3276
China, Japan & Coast Ports	17638
Total	20914

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 15th Aug

	1928-29.	1927-28.
	3322817	3414133

Exports from 1st Sept. to 15th Aug

	1928-29	1927-28
United Kingdom	66564	89442
Continent	818426	689952
China	331657	257300
Japan	1420326	1089261
Coast Ports	20089	27729
U. S. A	40431	4875
Total	2697493	2159059

Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. 1928 to 15th August 1929, 138,374 bales

Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1928 to 15th August 1929, 553,129 bales.

Same period last year 453,534 bales.

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 15th August 1929, 917,081 bales.

Same time last year 1,096,773 bales.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales:—

Receipts to date 15-8-29, 1929-30 107000, 1928-29 46000.

Receipts Yesterday 15-8-29 1929-30 11000, 1928-29 2000.

Exports to date 15-8-29, 1929-30 69000, 1928-39 114000.

Stock at Ports 9 8-29, 1929-30 518000, 1928-29 513000.

Stock Interior Towns 9-8-29, 1929-30 196000, 1928-29 286000.

Stock Liverpool 9-8-29, 1929-30 860000, 1928-29 690000.

Visible Supply 9-8-29, 1929-30 1632000, 1928-29 2062000.

Quantity in Sight 9-8-29, 1929-30 119000, 1928-29 57000.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

	Cwts.
Wheat	1,215
Linseed	7,691
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	352
Gingellyseeds	457
Poppyseeds	17
Groundnuts	1,399
Castorseeds	1,767
Rice	844
Myrabollams	950
Cottonseeds	2,543
Mowraseeds	440
Gram	1,886
Joowar	115
Maize	42
Barley	1,204
Bajree	1,313
Coal	Tons. 2,629

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

	Ready Red leafy.	Ready Average.
Bengal Superfine	230	....
Bengal Fine	220	....
Bengal F G	215	195
Sindh-Punjab Fine	220	....
Sindh-Punjab F G	215	195
Wardha-Hingt Fine	295	265
Nagpur Savner Fine	295	265
Yeotmal Fine	285	260
Arvi Fine	285	255
Amraoti Fine	270	255
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	270	255
Mulkapur Fine	260	235
Khandesh Fine	250	225
Muthia Fine	220	210
Muthia F G	205	195
Nanded-Purna F G G S	270	255
Purna F G G S	270	255
Parbhani-Sailu F G G S	270	255
Indore-Ujjain Fine	270	....
Burwah Sanavad Fine	270	255
Cambodia	395	....
Jinja	445	....
Busoga	455	....

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 15.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co.:—

October close at s 9|9 5|8d up 1|8 d.

December close at s 10|1 5|8d up 5|8d.

March close at s 10|5d up 3|4d.

Wheat Chicago:

September per bushel dol. 1.35 up 1-1|4

December per bushel dol. 1.43-1|4 up 1 1|8

March per bushel dol. 1.48-7|8 up 1-3|4

LONDON METALS.

London, Aug. 15.

Copper, Braziers	£95-1/2
Yellow Metal	£72
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands	£22-1/4
Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge	£13.1/2
Tin, English Ingots	£209

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 15.

Silver—Market is idle.

Spot	24.1/4
Forward	243/8

OILS & CAKES.

(The Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd)

Bombay, Aug. 16.

Ex-Godown, Bombay.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 538 per ton.

Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 565 per ton.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 143 per ton.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Aug. 15.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb., Cargoes.

Shipment Sellers August 46/9

Barletta Russo, per 63 lb., Cargeos.

Shipment Sellers August 46/9

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels.

Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. 51/6

Wheat, Choice White, Karachi Parcels.

Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. 52/6

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Aug. 15.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, C. & F. Calcutta.

Oct/Dec. per cwt	12/
Jan/Mar. per cwt	12/3

C. & F. Bombay.

Oct/Dec. per cwt	12/1-1/4

C. & F. Karachi.

Oct/Dec. per cwt	12/1.3/4

Money Market

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 16.

B. C. Rate T T 1/5 3/4.
B. C. Rate D D 1/5 25/32

LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 25/32 Ready
Banks Selling D D 1/5 25/32.
Mail.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 13/16 Sept.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 Jan.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 13/16 Near.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 7/8 Near.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8 Sept.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 5-32 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 3|16 Aug.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|4 Sept.

NEW YORK.—
B C Rate T T 279
Banks Selling T T 278 1/2.
Banks Buying T T 277 1/2.

PARIS.—
Banks Selling D D 916
Banks Buying D D 928
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940

JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 130 1/4.
Banks Buying 60 days 128.

HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 134 1/2.

SHANGHAI.—
Banks Selling D D 161 1/2.

SINGAPORE.—
Banks Selling D D 156 1/4

JAVA.—
Banks Selling D D 89 7/8

CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4/84 13/16 15th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/4 9/16 16th inst.
Japan/London 1/11 3/32 15th inst.
London/Paris 123.95 15th inst.
London/Belgium 34/87 15th inst.
London/Switzerland 25/20 1/2 15th inst.
London/Italy 92/75 15th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £4/4/11 3/8 14th instant £4/4/11 1/2 15th inst.

Silver London Ready 24 1/4 14th inst. 24 1/4 15th inst.

Silver London Forward 24 3/8 14th inst 24 3/8 15th inst.

Silver New York Ready 52 3/4 14th inst 52 3/4 15th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos 5 1/2 per cent 14th inst 5 1/2 per cent. 15th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos 6 per cent. 14th inst. 6 per cent 15th inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent. Bank of England Rate 5 1/2 per cent.

Money:—Inter Bank Call 1 1/4 per cent. Nominal 3 Mos 2 1/4 per cent. 6 Mos 3 per cent. 12 Mos 4 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

Tone of Silver—Featureless.—Market idle

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug. 16.

3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/7.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931/36 Rs. 91/4.

4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 90/10

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 78.

4-1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 96|2.

4-1|2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 90/0

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 96/2.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 98.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/13.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1045/55 Rs. 102/6.

6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 101/9.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 102/9.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 103/9.

6-1|2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 107.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 77.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 77.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 77.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs 105/10.

6 per cent Municipal due 1979/49 Rs. 100.

Forward Rates:—30th August settlement. 3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/3/0, 5 per cent 1945/55. 102/4/0, 5 per cent. 1939/44 Rs. 96|5|0

Tone of market:—Fairly steady.

LONDON DISCOUNT

Bombay, Aug. 16.

3 months Discounts 5 1/2 per cent.

6 months Discounts 6 per cent.

Bank of England rate 5-1|2 p.c.

Call Money 1 1/2 per cent.

1 month 1 1/2 per cent.

Three Months 2-1/2 per cent.

Six months 4 per cent.

Twelve months 4 1/4 per cent.

Tone of Money Market.—In better demand.

Imperial Bank of India rate 5 p. c.

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR FIRUZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. SUND. NO. 8 1929.

So it is upto everyi Mill-owner and Merchant to make the JUPITER GENERAL strong and healthy.

BOMBAY SATURDAY AUGUST 17 1929

"WHY NOT ARREST INSPECTOR PATWARDHAN?"

Accused Saigal's Question to "Comrade" Langford James

BRADLEY GETS HIS MONEY AT LAST

—:o:—

Jhabwalla as Father of 50 Trade Unions

MEERUT, Aug. 16.

Mr. Milner White, Special Magistrate, intimated this morning that Bradley's money amounting to Rs. 1,055 equivalent of £80 had been received by him. The Magistrate added the money had probably been stopped for the fear that accused might use it for furtherance of the offence under which he had been charged. The Court had decided to hand over the money to Mr. Bradley but wanted to know if the prosecution had any objection.

Mr. J. P. Mitter, junior prosecution counsel, stated his side had no objection.

The money was accordingly paid to Bradley.—A.P.

Inspector Patwardhan of the Bombay C.I.D., continued his evidence this morning at the resumed hearing of the Meerut conspiracy case.

Witness deposed that on the arrival of the Simon Commission in Bombay in February, 1928, a meeting was held in Bombay and addressing that meeting Jhabvala said that the present Government was capitalistic and imperialistic and they should break it.

Mr. Spratt said it was the first political strike, and he hoped would not be last.

Accused Dange, Alwe, Joglekar, Mirajkar, Jhabvala and others organised a procession of workers on this occasion. The processionists carried flags with the words "Down with Imperialism and Capitalism."

Inspector Patwardhan's examination was then resumed. He deposed that on the 3rd February, 1928, a procession was formed by leaders of workers, including Joglekar, Nimbkar, Mirajkar, Ghate, Jhabwala, Spratt, Alwe and Dange. They were carrying black flags. A meeting was held on Foras Road where speeches were made. Jhabwala said that the Government was responsible for all the trouble in Bombay then. The present Government was a capitalist Government and they should try to replace it. Spratt said it was the first political strike and he hoped it would not be the last. He added that only the methods they were then adopting would lead them to Swaraj.

Counsel Jhabwala cross-examined the witness at length. Replying to the Counsel Mr. Patwardhan stated that he did not know whether the accused Jhabwala had founded the Buddha League. He was the founder of the Unemployment Bureau and the Bombay Purity League. Counsel Jhabwala handed over to witness copies of the paper the "New Reformer".

COUNSEL JHABWALA AND MR. MITTER CROSS SWORDS!

Mr. Mitter, Prosecution Counsel, wanted to know why it was being produced.

Mr. Jhabwala: You will know about it. Just be patience please.

Mr. Mitter: I am not here to hear a sermon on the virtue of patience from you.

On the title page of the paper was written "No religion is higher than truth". The prosecution counsel insisted on the paper being recorded as a defence document.

Other defence counsel, Mr. Sinha and Mr. Chakravarti, declared that it should be put down as "Jhabwala number one". (Loud laughter.)

FATHER OF 50 UNIONS.

Counsel Jhabwala next asked witness whether he knew that Jhabwala was the father of fifty unions in Bombay. (Laughter.)

Witness: No.

Patwardhan also stated that Jhabwala's policy was not always nonviolent.

Cross-examined by the accused Saighal, witness stated that he was not a follower of Mahatma Gandhi in his political slogan when he described the present Government as Satanic. Witness did not know anything about C. R. Das, eulogising the murderer of Mr. Dey. Witness was a Satanist and believed in touchability. He was never invited by Khan Bahadur Tassadduq Hossain for a dinner party.

Witness was also cross-examined by the accused Viswanath Mukherji. —Free Press.

Replying to questions by Saigal, one of the accused, the witness stated that he belonged to the Sanatan Dharma fold and believed in untouchability. He did not believe in Mr. Gandhi's doctrines. The Court enquired what had actuated the accused to ask such questions.

WHY NOT ARREST INSPECTOR PATWARDHAN.

Saigal: Comrade Langford James has said that we are against Gandhi, God and everything. I ask why should this witness be not arrested for opposing Gandhi? (Loud laughter.)

Several more witnesses were then examined to prove the house searches. Inspector Scott deposed that he searched the house of Hutchinson and recovered certain documents. Inspector Hurst said that he searched the house and pharmacy of Mr. V. V. Narain Rao and seized some papers. The Court then adjourned till Wednesday.

To-morrow the defence counsel will examine the prosecution exhibits, which now total over a thousand.

STANDING WATERWAYS BOARD

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Aug. 15.

"Government intend to take the public into full confidence before any decision is taken in regard to such important questions as the waterways of Bengal" declared Hon. Sir Abdel Kerim Ghuznavi, Member in charge of Irrigation, at the opening meeting of the Standing Waterways Board. Mr. D. G. Harris, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, was present by invitation. The Committee decided to approach the Government of India for immediate formation of a Committee of experts to advise on the working of the department and to help in the formation of a Representative Waterways Board which would advice Government on all questions relating to the waterways of Bengal. On August 24 and 25 the Committee will make a trip to Doagra and Saptamukkhi to see for themselves the condition of the two rivers.—A. P.

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GANDHI-JINNAH POURPARLES

—:o:—

HINDU MAHASABHA LEADERS ALARMED

MAHATMAJI'S ASSURANCE

BOMBAY, Aug. 16.

With reference to the exchange of views between Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah, the Free Press of India reliably learns that leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha conveyed to Mahatmaji that the Hindu Mahasabha viewed with alarm any re-opening of the communal settlement contained in the Nehru Report. Mahatmaji, it is stated, has informed the Hindu Sabha leaders that their apprehensions were unfounded as his exchange of views was wholly personal and not in any representative capacity and that no commitment has been made or will be made by him.—Free Press.

IRAQ AND PERSIA

—:o:—

TEMPORARY TREATY OF COMMERCE SIGNED

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Teheran.—It is reported that a temporary treaty of Commerce, customs and establishment has been signed at Baghdad by Mr. Samiyi, the Persian Representative on behalf of the Persian Government.—Reuter.

KARNATAK UNIFICATION

—:o:—

DHARWAR PUBLIC MEETING CONDEMNS GOVT'S, ATTITUDE

DHARWAR, Aug. 16.

A public meeting of Dharwar citizens, held on Thursday last under the Presidentship of Mr. Hukerikar, M.A., congratulated and thanked Mr. Shivarao Ranganatha Mudaliar and other Madras Council members for successfully piloting the Karnataka Unification resolution through the Madras Council.

Further, the meeting resented the Bombay Government's attitude in opposing the unification resolution, brought forward by Mr. Jog in the Bombay Council and appreciated the efforts of Mr. Jog and other Karnataka members and members from other parts for their help and co-operation in this matter.—Free Press.

SIGNS OF AWAKENING YOUTH

—:o:—

VAST OPPORTUNITIES FOR SACRIFICE AND SUFFERINGS

YOUTH LEAGUE FORMED AT PORBANDAR

PORBANDAR, Aug. 16.

(By Mail).

At a well attended meeting of the youths, held here under the presidency of Mr. Manilal Kothari, a Youth League was formed with Mr. K. P. Dodia, Bar-at-Law as President, Messrs. Nagindas Mody and Chotalal Mankad as secretaries and an Executive Board of seven members.

According to the constitution, which was adopted by the meeting after full discussion, the League will take up political, social, and economic questions.

TASK BEFORE INDIAN YOUTH

Mr. Kothari, in the course of his speech, said that at no period in its history was the country in greater need of the genuine service of its youths than at present and that it was indeed very gratifying to find the youths all over showing signs of a new awakening. The struggle for the emancipation from the present political, social and economic ills was, said the speaker, bound to be prolonged and would therefore, afford to the youths vast opportunities for sacrifices and sufferings. And to be able successfully to undertake responsibilities for the struggle, they must train themselves to work in a spirit of unflinching devotion, and perfect discipline. Mr. Kothari emphasised the need for collaboration between the elders and the youths, stating that the experience and the inspiring guidance of the former would prove highly useful. In conclusion, he appealed to the youths of Porbandar to attend the forthcoming Youth Conference in large numbers.—A. P.

RS. 50 LAKHS DAMAGE

—:o:—

HAVOC OF FLOODS IN SIND

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

Floods in Khairpur State are presenting an alarming prospect. Serious breaches on the Indus and the Ibil canal have resulted in the flooding of large tracts on an unprecedented scale causing great loss of life and damage to property. Forest area containing about sixty villages has been submerged and hundreds of homeless and destitute people are seeking safety on tree tops. Harrowing tales of their privations are reaching neighbouring villages. Authentic figures of the actual damage are not available, but persons in Karachi, in close touch with the state of affairs, estimate the total damage at fifty lakhs of rupees. —A.P.

HUNGER-STRIKE ASSUMES EPIDEMIC FORM

—:o:—

CASES REPORTED FROM DIFFERENT JAILS

LAHORE, Aug. 16.

It is reported that hunger strike among political prisoners is spreading in different jails of India. So far 26 prisoners are hunger-striking in sympathy with the accused in the Lahore conspiracy case, who themselves number 13. Of the sympathetic strikers four are in the Lahore Central Jail, five in Mianwali Jail and four in the Bareilly Central jail.—Free Press.

Mr. S. M. Burke, Indian Christian has been nominated by the Secretary of State to the sixth vacancy in the I.C.S., reserved a candidate other than a Muslim, of a minority community.—A. P.

Nainital.—The next meeting of the U. P. Legislative Council will commence on October 21st, and not on October 1st, as mentioned earlier. —A. P.

END OF COTTON TROUBLE NOT FAR?

Both Sides Agree to Terms of Reference

—:o:—

FULL POWERS TO CHAIRMAN OF ARBITRATION COURT

Work to be resumed on Monday

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The Conference of the representatives of cotton employers and operatives at Manchester has agreed to the terms of reference to the court of arbitration. Work will be resumed on Monday, and pre-stoppage wages will be paid pending the result of arbitration.

The Conference lasted eleven hours, and its result was announced by Sir Horace Wilson at ten in the evening. He stated that it had been agreed that the Employers' application for reduction of wages by 12.82 per cent should be referred to arbitration. Both sides undertook to abide by the award of the Board of Arbitration which would consist of 2 nominees of the Employers and 2 of the Operatives, and an independent Chairman to be mutually agreed upon. The Chairman would have full powers of umpire in the event of other members of the court failing to agree. Sir Horace Wilson also suggested that the Employers' and Operatives' organisations should agree to establish a joint consultative committee to discuss any proposals to improve the state of industry and strengthen its competitive position. Representatives of both sides welcomed the suggestion and agreed to hold an early joint meeting to consider it.—Reuter.

TERRIBLE MOTOR ACCIDENT

—:o:—

CAR PLUNGES INTO RIVER JHELUM

MYSTERY OF MISSING MEN CLEARED UP

LAHORE, Aug. 16.

A terrible motor accident occurred on Kashmere Road resulting in five lives being lost, when a car crashed over a 'Khud' near Gharhi and plunged into the Jhelum.

For several days a mystery surrounded the fate of five people, who left Rawalpindi for Srinagar in a car about a week back. Nothing was heard of them from the time of their departure, till four days later when the body of one man was recovered from the Jhelum and identified as that of one of the passengers in that car.

Among the missing are three clerks of the local Race Office.—Free Press.

BHIWONDI PLEADER ACQUITTED

—:o:—

BREACH OF TRUST NOT PROVED

(From a Correspondent).

KALYAN, Aug. 15.

The long-protracted trial of Mr. H B Tamhane, the leading legal practitioner of Bhiwandi who was charged with criminal breach of trust has ended. The Resident Magistrate at Kalyan delivered judgment acquitting Mr. Tamhane in all the cases.

Mr. M M Karbhari, High Court Pleader, Bombay, defended Mr. Tamhane.

FRIDAY'S ATTENDANCE 109, 025

Friday, Aug. 16.

The Secretary, Mill-owners' Association, Bombay, writes:—

"The attendance has dropped down to 1,09,025".

TRUTH ABOUT "JOINT FREE CONFERENCE"

"Absolute Moon-Shine"

MUNSHI ISHWAR SARAN'S IMPRESSIONS

Call to Nationalists to Unite

LONDON, July 24.

Munshi Iswar Saran writes:—

Never for a moment has my faith in the soundness, and what is more, in the wisdom of our attitude towards the Statutory Commission faltered. I believe that our patriotism demanded the course which we adopted, and our sense of National self-respect left us no option but to decide to have nothing to do with it. The wiseacres who gravely shook their heads and told us that we had gone hopelessly wrong and done a great deal of damage to the cause of our country. I suspect have now begun to feel that on the whole we were right. Events which are happening now are proving the farsightedness of our leaders, and are demonstrating even to the sceptic the correctness of our position. Of course, no one expects these good men to make a public confession of their change of mind, but that it is taking place there can be no doubt about.

We heard a great deal about "the Joint Free Conference." In my opinion, so far, there has been no Conference either Joint, Free or otherwise. Beyond sitting round the same table and examining the same witnesses there does not appear to be much contact between the members of the Statutory Commission anl the Central Committee. Of course, they go to the same parties, they drink the same tea, and eat the same lunches and dinners, but I wonder if they have so far ever seriously sat down to discuss the grave problem which they are supposed to tackle. The Central Committee is expected to write out its report and submit it to the Viceroy. One doubts if this report will be the result of any conference between these two bodies. The report of the Statutory Commission will be prepared after these gentlemen composing the Central Committee have officially departed from the Savoy. I shall be happy to be corrected but I venture to think that there has been no discussion between these two bodies in regard to the formulation of the proposals which will be contained in their respective reports. It is therefore obvious that all this talk about "Joint Free Conference" is absolute moon-shine.

TWO ASPECTS OF THE QUESTION.

Many people are only thinking of how to establish Provincial Autonomy and there are very few indeed one will bothering themselves about the Central Government. Little do they realise that even full Provincial Autonomy with no change in the Central Government will be simply rejected by the people in India. This question it should be noted has two aspects; one political and the other psychological. From the political point of view Provincial Autonomy with an irresponsible Central Government at the top is hardly a desirable change, while from the psychological point of view, what India needs is the recognation of her freedom and equal status with other members of the Commonwealth. As long as she feels that she is a dependency and has a "subordinate Government" so long will continue to exist her dissatisfaction and discontent. I supect that many good people lose sight of the human element and try to form a constitution as if those who were affected by it have no feelings, ambitions and aspirations. They feel genuinely surprised when they are told, that a constitution like this will bring no peace and no contentment, and there are not a few who perfectly honestly consider us to be utterly unreasonable. I feel amused when I come across such people because I know, that their schemes and expectations are doomed to failure.

RUMOURED SPLIT IN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

There is a rumour that the Central Committee is not expected to write a unanimous report. Not being in the confidence of the Committee I am unable to affirm how far this rumour is correct, but this is what one hears in political circles in this country. There is another rumour—I can take no responsibility for its accuracy, I am stating it for what It is worth—that the report of some of the members of the Central Committee is being written by an Englishman who has been in India for a number of years, on the payment of a heavy fee by a distinguished Indian. All this may be unfounded, but there are these rumours afloat. I and my fellow boycotters never expected anything from either the Statutory Commission or the Central Committee, but it is distressing to find that such unpleasant rumours should have obtained currency. Whatever may be the political views of these gentlemen, one cannot forget that after all they are Indians, and would have like to see them acting in an independent and manly fashion. There are other rumours but they are so unspeakably despicable that I shall not permit myself even to refer to them. Let us still hope that these gentlemen having acted against the recognised wishes of their country, will try to prove that they took up this unpleasant job out of a sincere desire to serve India. Nothing that this Committee does will disappoint any Nationalist, but still I must confess I have a sneeking wish that these Indians should aquit themselves honourably as far as circumstances will permit them to.

It is for the report of this Commission and this Committee that people in England are waiting, and one may be forgiven for expressing the view that they have utterly failed in forming a correct appreciation of the situation as exists in India to-day. There are Indians in this country, I know as a fact who have made it absolutely plain that no self-respecting Indian will have anything to do with the Simon Commission or its Report at any stage or in any form. Their minds are irrevocably made up and nothing will make them change their position.

UNITE FOR COMMON CAUSE.

What should engage our attantion now is the action that we shall take after the Report of this Commission is published. I sincerely hope that whatever our decision may be, there will be no difference of opinion between one section of Nationalist and another. If there is a difference in our camp, ignominious defeat is bound to overtake us. There may be disagreements about details, but at the present moment they have to be forgotton, and we have all to combine to consider all that is really matters. May I cite an instance? During the elections in this country the members of the Independent Labour Party, inspite of their differences, resolved that they would do all that lay in their power to get the Labour Party into office. The internal disagreements were lost sight of and every section co-operated to win success for the party to which they belonged. In the same way whatever little differences there might be between one section of Nationalists and another we should all join hands in order to push forward a common course of action with vigour and enthusisasm. If our ranks are kept united I for one entertain not a moments hesitation that success is bound to be ours. We wonderfully co-operated in boycotting the Commission, let us carry that co-operation to its logical end and decide upon a common programme of action after the publicatin of this Report.

I shall suggest, if I may to the leaders of the various Nationalist parties in India, to meet together and discuses the various steps that have to be taken and from their plans accordingly. I sincerely hope that our plans will be ready by the time the Report of the Simon Commission is published. I do not suppose there is any Nationalist Indian who is in doubt as regards what the Report is likely to be. Unless a catastrophic change takes place in the meantime, I feal that our decision formed at this moment will be found to be perfectly satisfactory after the publication of the Report. May I sincerly hope that the distressing and humiliating spectacle of one section of Nationalists going against the other, it will not be our misfortune to behold again. Let us make any compromises that may be necessary, but let us not separate from one another. We have stood by one another throughout this boycott and it is up to us to stand by one another up to the last and finishing point.